



Do the immigrants take our jobs?

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European
Commission

Two hypotheses for testing

Immigration leads to higher unemployment among nationals

Industries which employ many immigrants see decreases in earnings

Two analytical groups: intra-EU immigrants and extra-EU immigrants

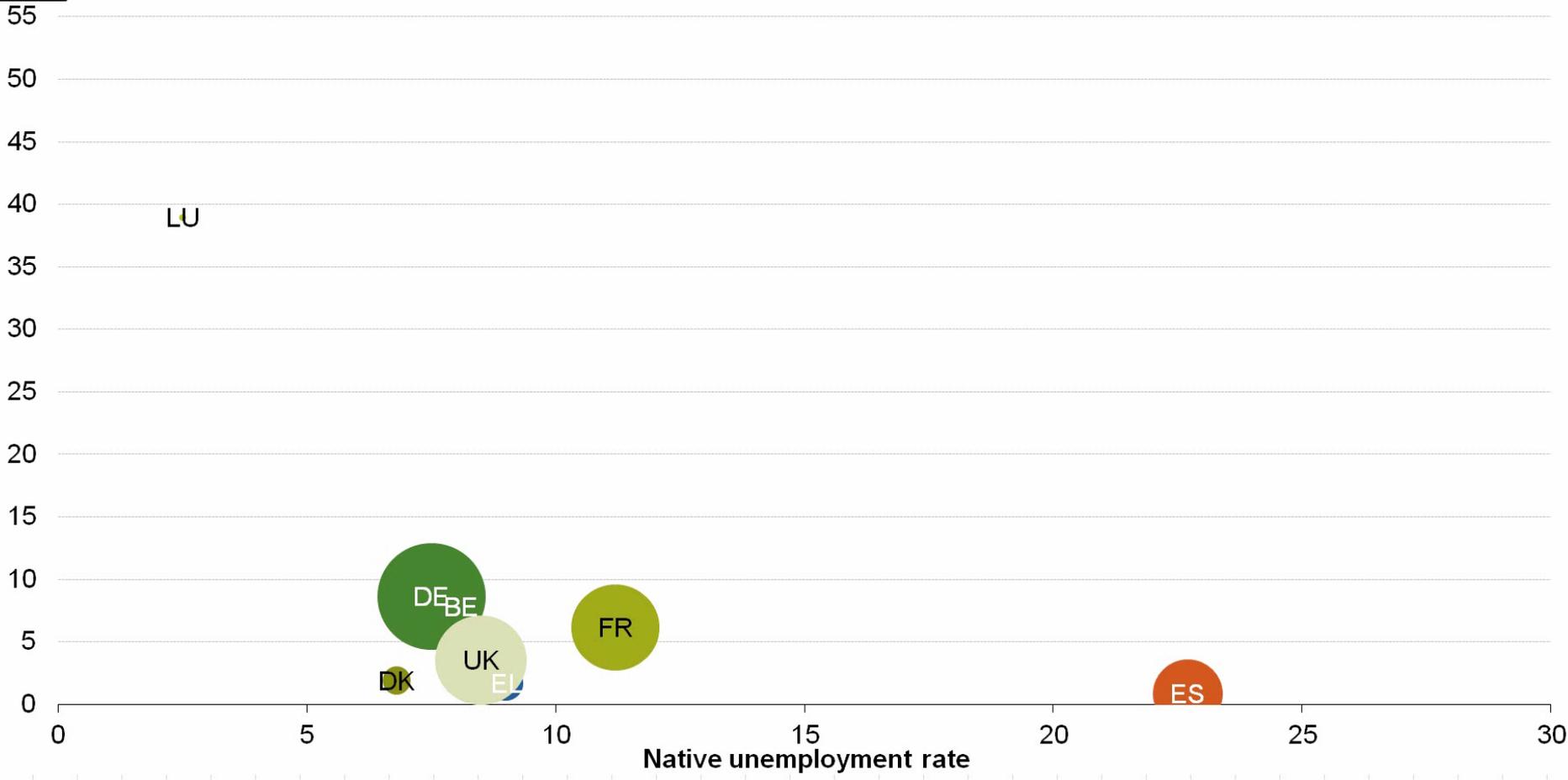
Correlation analysis (T_B)



European

1995

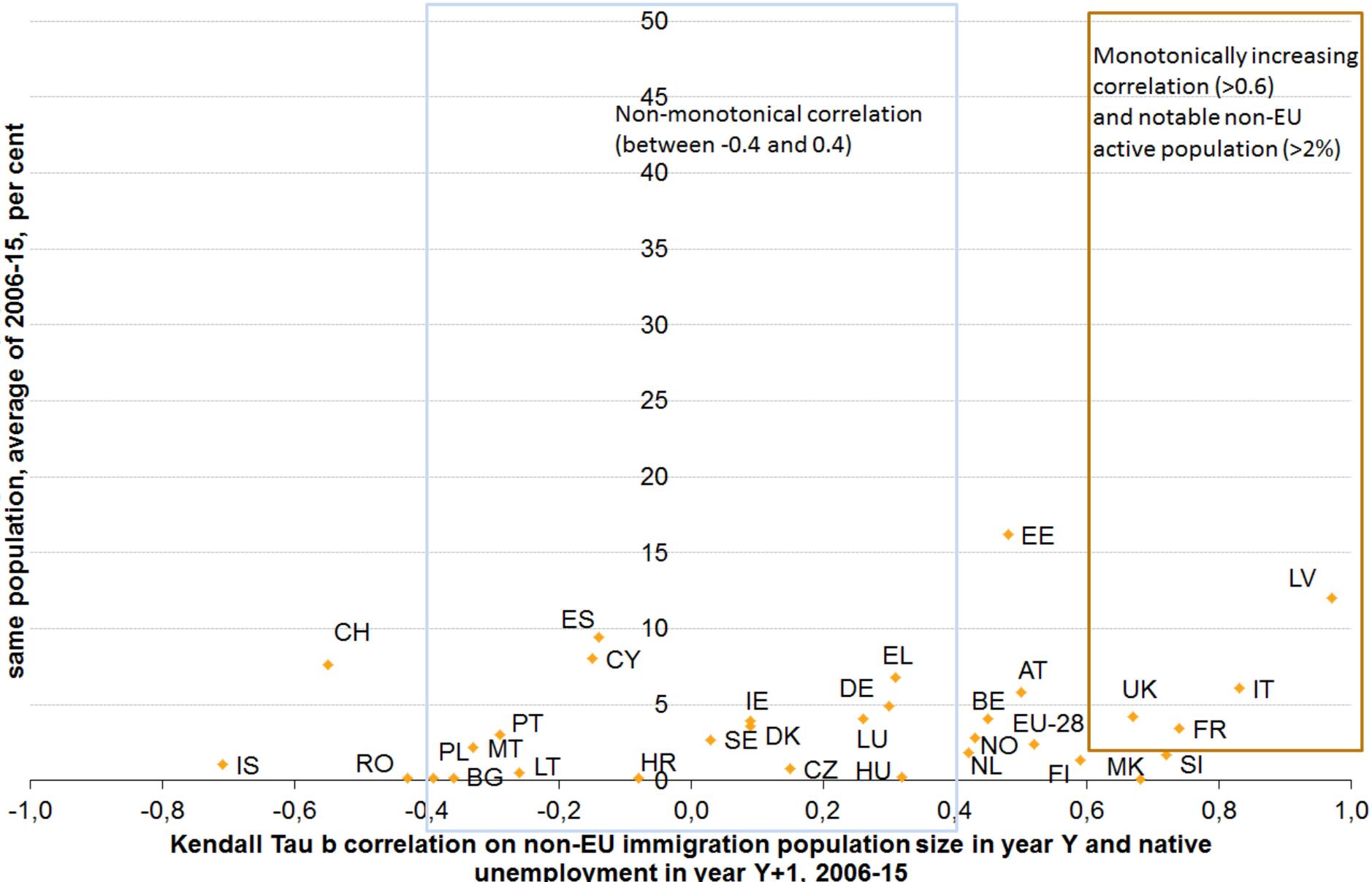
Immigrants, per cent of hte active population



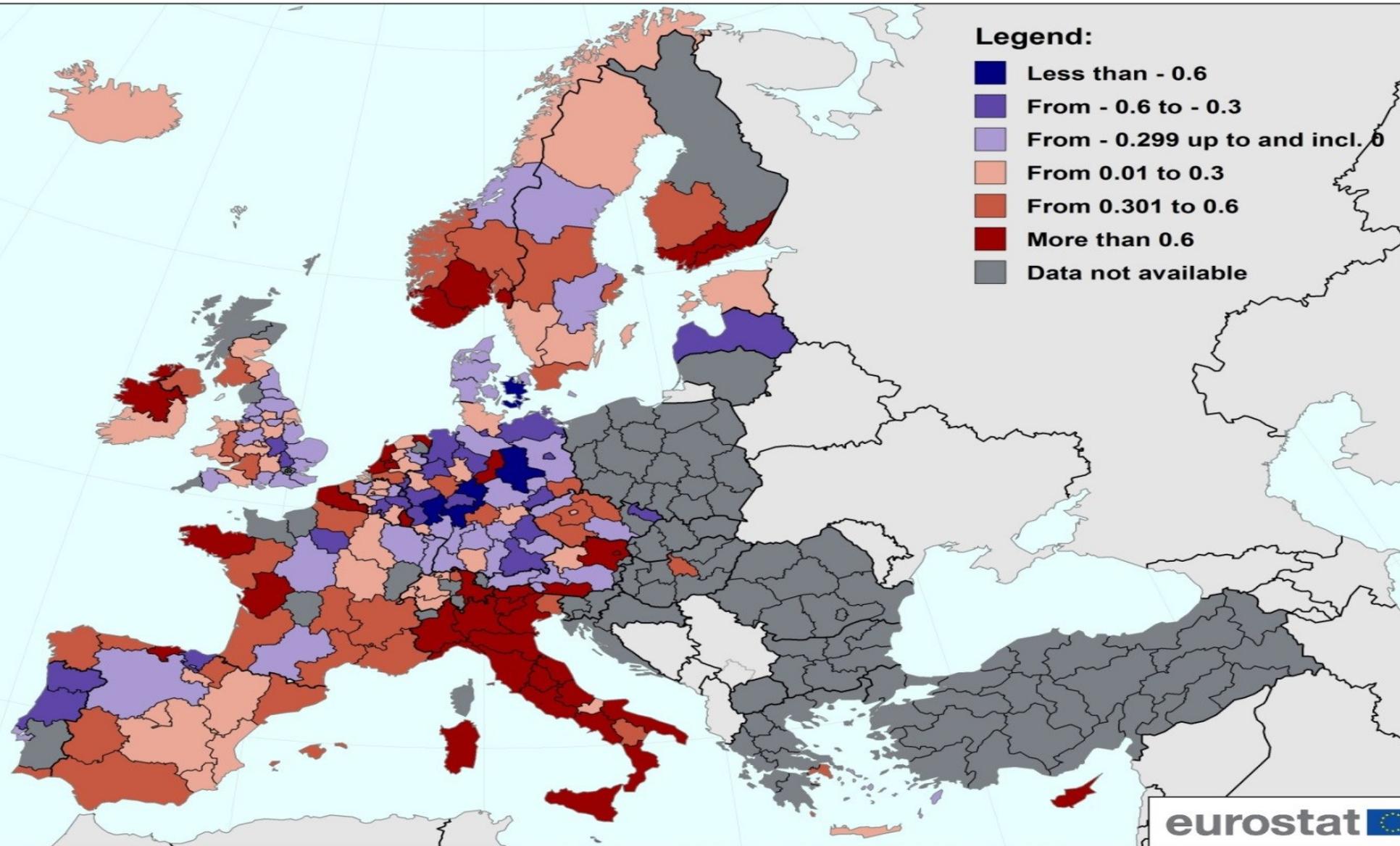


European

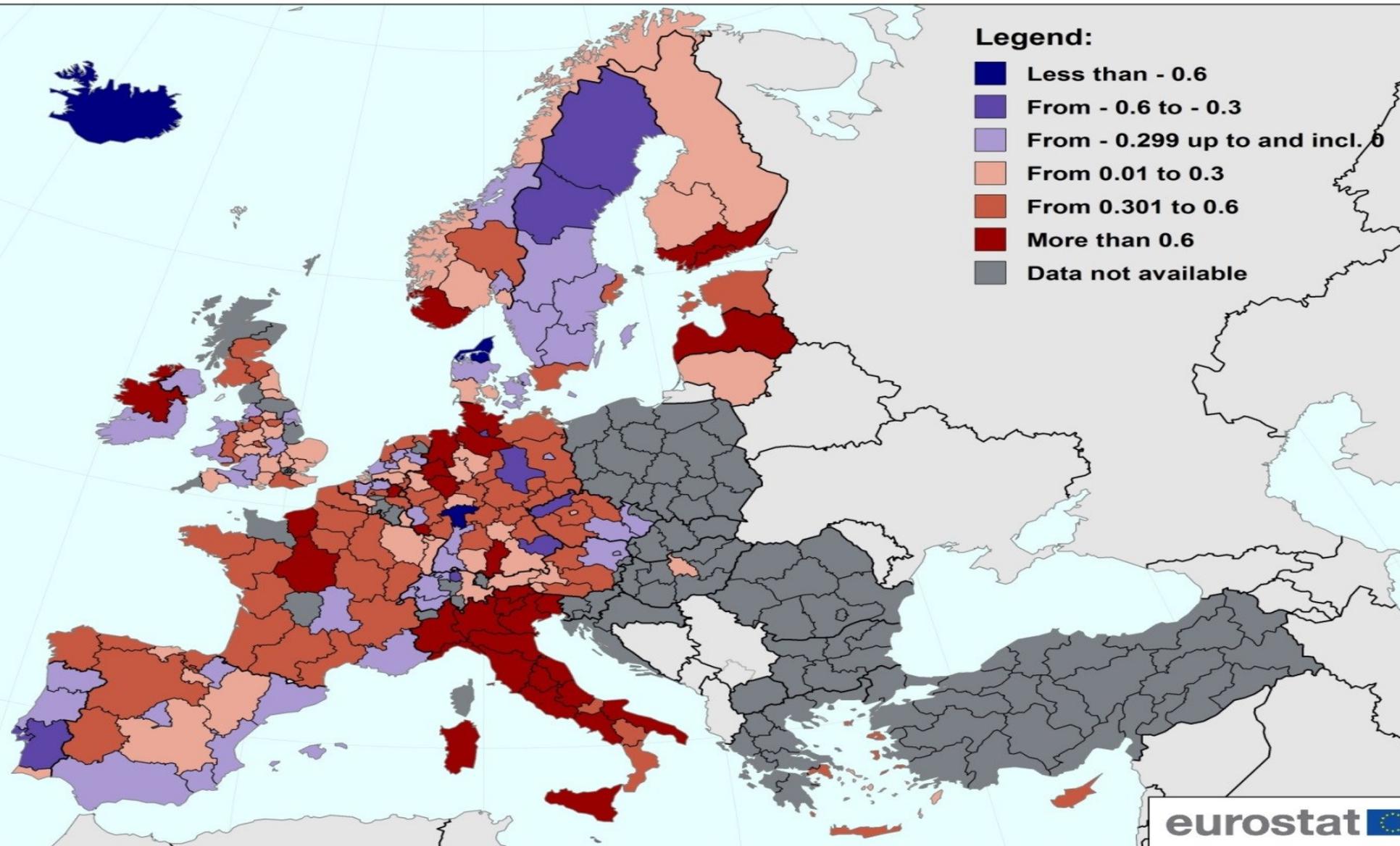
Size of non-EU immigratnt active population 15-74 of total same population, average of 2006-15, per cent



Kendall Tau b correlation between EU immigrant population size (Y) and native unemployment (Y+1), 2006-15

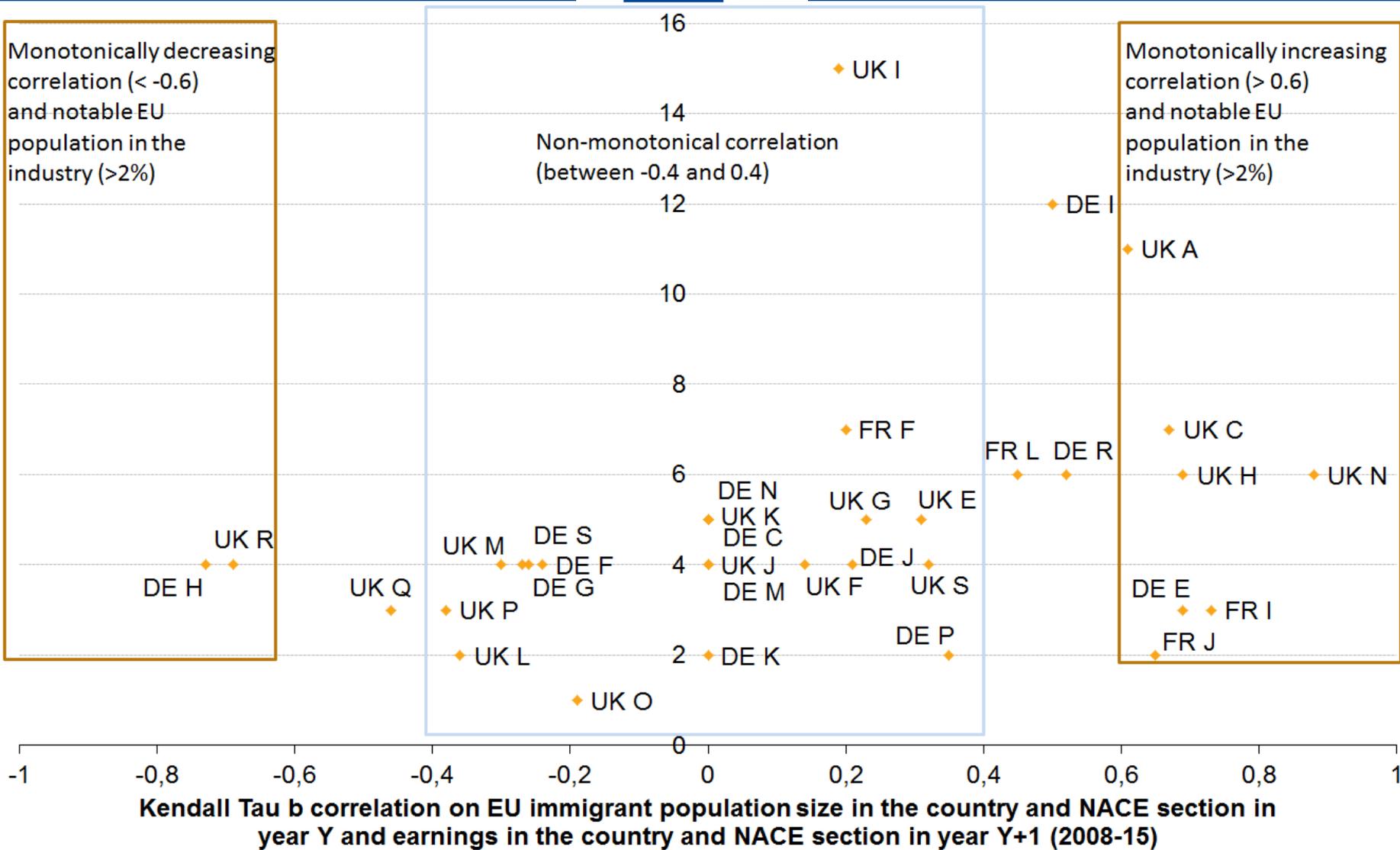


endall Tau b correlation between non-EU immigrant population size (Y) and native unemployment (Y+1), 2006-15



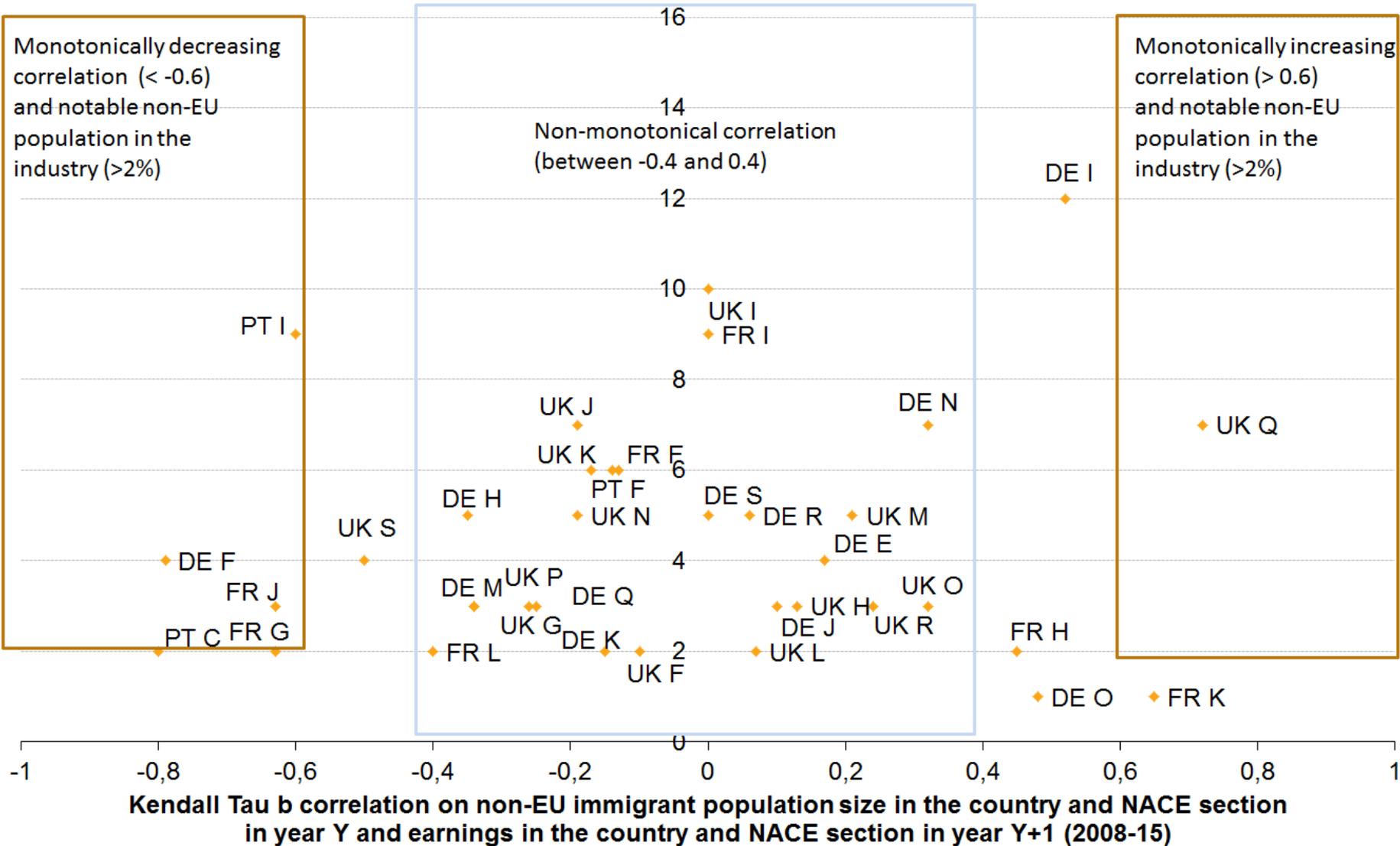


Size of the EU immigrant population in the NACE section (average of 2008-15), per cent





Size of the non-EU immigrant population in the NACE section (average of 2008-15), per cent





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Conclusions

High positive correlation immigration and native unemployment:

In 5/33 cases of EU immigration

In 4/33 cases of non-EU immigration

High negative correlation between immigration and earnings:

In 2/34 cases of EU immigration

In 5/36 cases of non-EU

High positive correlation between immigration and earnings:

In 7/34 cases of EU immigration

In 1/36 cases of non-EU immigration

No hypothesis is confirmed