

International statistics

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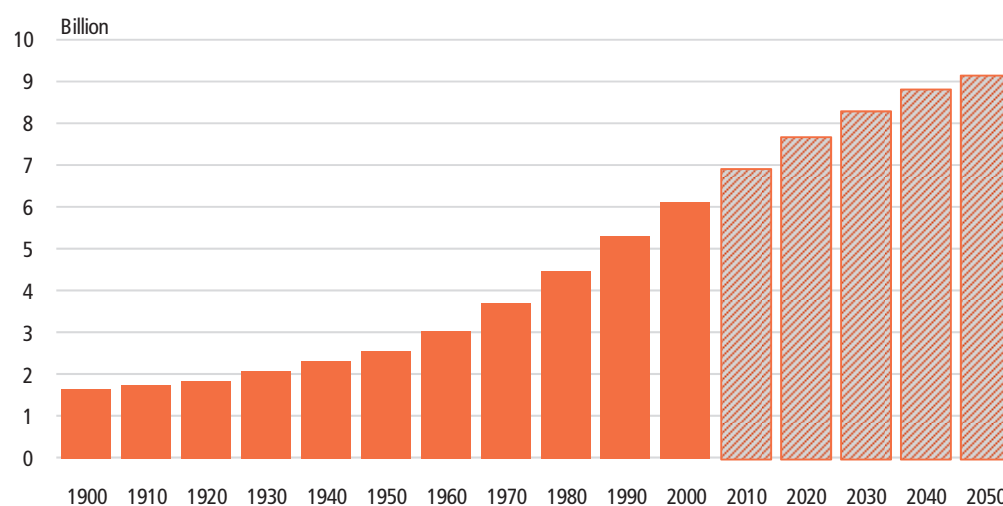
Trends in the world population

World population is growing

The world's population almost quadrupled during the 20th century. In 1900, the world population was 1.65 billion and in 2010, the world population is estimated at 6.9 billion.

This trend gained momentum in the 1960s until the 1990s, with a growth rate around 20 per cent every decade. In 2050, the world population is assumed to be about 9.2 billion.

Figure 1 World population



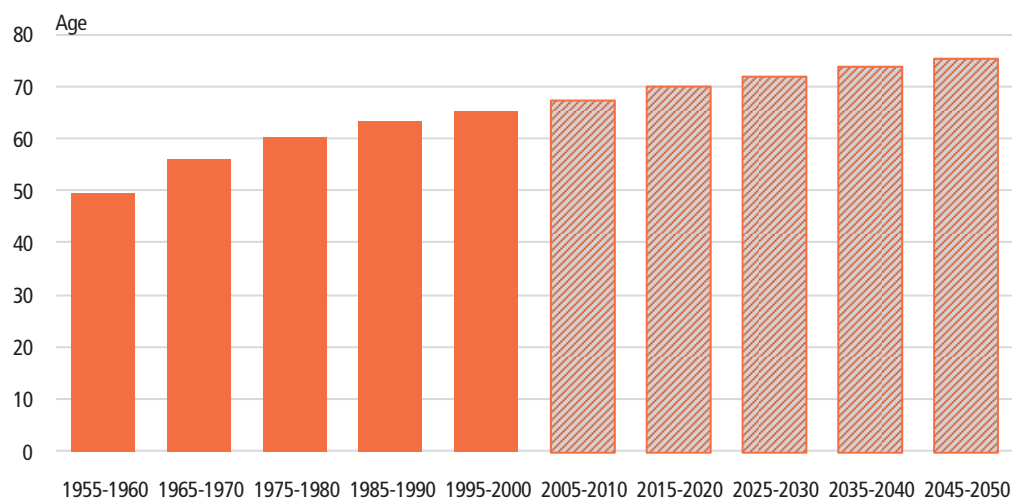
Source: UN's population forecast

We are also getting older

Simultaneously with the growing world population, we also live longer. In 1960, the average life expectancy for all new-born children in the world was 50 years. In 2009, average life expectancy increased to more than 67 years. In 2050, average life expectancy is assumed to have increased to 76 years.

The figures reflect major differences among countries and continents. A Japanese child born in 2009 can expect to reach the age of 82, while a child born in Swaziland in Africa can only expect to live until the age of 40.

Figure 2 Average life expectancy for the world's new-born children



Source: UN's population forecast

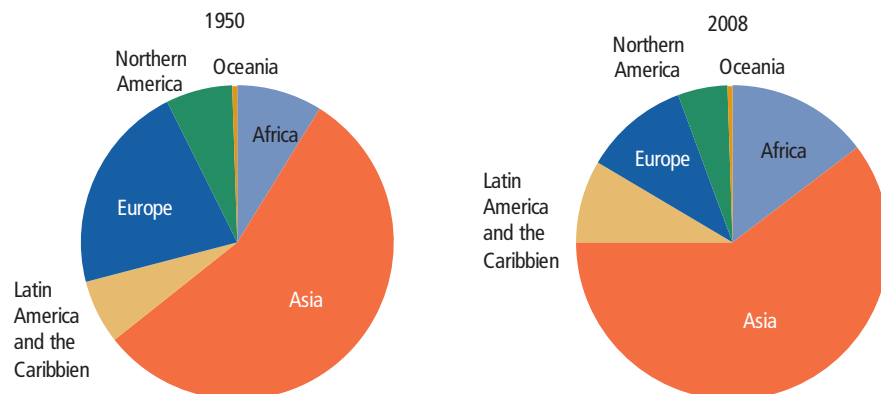
Most people live in Asia

There has been an increase in the world's population in all continents. As women in Asia and Africa give birth to a greater number of children, the share of the world's population has changed in the continents.

In 1950, the European population accounted for 22 per cent of the world's total population, while this share had decreased to 11 per cent in 2008.

Conversely, the Asian population has grown from 56 per cent of the world's population in 1950 to 60 per cent in 2008.

Figure 3 World population by continents



Source: UN's population forecast

2 World economy

Steady growth and increase in world trade

During the last 39 years, the world economy has steadily grown by an average real growth of 3.5 per cent per year of the world's total GDP.

The most marked recession during the period was in 2009, with a negative growth. Similarly, there has been a general increase in world trade since 1970, but the financial crises caused an extremely negative growth rate in 2009.

During recent years, consumer prices (inflation) have been historically low despite a spike in 2008.

Figure 4

Key indicators for the world economy



Source: IMF – global indicators

3 International statistics

International statistics since 1898

Ever since 1898, Statistical Yearbook has included a chapter on international statistics. Several of the statistics from back then are still shown today. This goes for instance for *area and populations in states and territories*.

Since then, some statistics have gone i.e. *the emigration to the USA*, while others have come such as *the EMU debt*. The selection of tables is meant to represent continuity as well as timeliness.

Harmonization

The development within the last 100 years has furthermore increased the need for international statistics regarding each country and therefore also comparisons between these countries.

Direct use of national statistics, i.e. each country's own statistics, for comparison between these countries, is not always possible as calculation methods often vary from country to country.

To ensure such comparability, international organizations go to great lengths to harmonize statistical terms (including establishing common nomenclatures) and calculation methods.

Harmonization can be anything from a set of guidelines (recommendations) to more direct requirements made of the statistical analyses which member countries submit to the relevant organization.

Organizations that publish statistics

The most central organizations that publish statistics (which are also included as sources in the section 'International tables' in the Statistical Yearbook) are:

Eurostat (Statistical Office of the European Union)

OECD (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development)

UN (United Nations) – *including:*

- **ECE** (Economic Commission for Europe)
- **FAO** (Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations)
- **ILO** (International Labour Organisation)
- **IMF** (International Monetary Fund)
- **UNESCO** (United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization)
- **WHO** (World Health Organization).
- **World Bank**

International comparable statistics are published as printed statistical publications, as CD-ROMs, and in databases, which can be accessed via links from the website of the organizations publishing statistics.

Statistics Denmark's Library and Information

Statistics Denmark's Library and Information, which is the central reference library for descriptive statistics, houses Denmark's largest collection of international statistics.

The collection is constantly expanding and supplemented with the most recent material from the organizations that publish statistics.

In addition to the large number of printed publications and CD-ROMs, the Library also provides access to a great many international databases as well as the Internet. The Library is open to the public.

Table 429 Area and population in states and countries

	Population		Population per km ²	Total area km ²
	Number thousands	Lastest population census		
OECD-countries	1 185 820	2007	34	35 196 426
EU- countries	497 649	2008¹	22	23 045 137
Belgium	10 667	2008	349	30 528
Bulgaria	7 640	2008	69	110 994
Cyprus	789	2008	90	9 251
Denmark	5 476	2008	127	43 098
Estonia	1 341	2008	30	45 227
Finland	5 300	2008	17	303 899
France	63 983	2008	118	543 965
Greece	11 214	2008	85	131 957
Netherlands	16 405	2008	395	41 528
Ireland	4 401	2008	63	70 273
Iceland	315	2008	3	102 819
Italy	59 619	2008	198	301 277
Croatia	4 436	2008	78	56 542
Latvia	2 271	2008	35	64 589
Lithuania	3 366	2008	52	65 200
Luxembourg	484	2008	187	2 586
Malta	410	2008	1 297	316
Norway	4 737	2008	15	323 782
Poland	38 116	2008	122	312 685
Portugal	10 618	2008	115	91 947
Romania	21 529	2008	90	238 391
Russian Federation	142 754	01-01-06	9	17 075 400
Switzerland	7 593	2008	184	41 285
Slovakia	5 401	2008	110	49 034
Slovenia	2 010	2008	100	20 273
Spain	45 283	2008	89	506 030
United Kingdom	61 179	2008	267	228 938
Sweden	9 183	2008	20	450 295
Czech Republic	10 381	2008	132	78 866
Germany	82 218	2008	230	357 104
Hungary	10 045	2008	108	93 030
Austria	8 319	2008	99	83 858
South Africa	47 851	30-06-07	39	1 219 090
Brazil	183 987	2007	22	8 514 877
Canada	32 976	2008	3	9 984 670
Chile	15 116	2002	20	756 096
Mexico	105 791	2008	54	1 964 375
United States	304 060	mid-2008	31	9 826 629
India	1 103 370	2005	325	3 166 285
Indonesia	226 060	2005	102	1 890 754
Israel	6 990	2005	313	22 072
Japan	127 771	2008	338	377 915
China	1 242 612	01-11-00	130	9 572 900
Singapore	4 484	jun. 2006	6 572	682
Korea, Republic of	48 456	2008	487	99 585
Turkey	70 586	2008	90	780 580
Australia	21 015	2008	3	7 703 354
New Zealand	4 228	2008	16	270 534

¹ Beginning of the year. ² Excluding Svalbard and Jan Mayen. ³ Excluding Northern Ireland.

Source: The Statesman's Yearbook 2010 and the websites of the national statistical institutes via www.dst.dk ("Links to other statistical sources")

Table 430 Largest city in selected countries

Country	City	Year	Thousands	Country	City	Year	Thousands
Belgium	Bruxelles	2007	1 031	South Africa	Pretoria	2000	1 084
Bulgaria	Sofia	2001	1 174				
Cyprus	Nicosia	2007	311	Brazil	Brasilia	2007	2 557
Denmark	København ¹	2010	1 192	Canada	Ottawa	2009	1 221
Estonia	Tallinn	2003	397	Chile	Santiago	2002	4 668
Finland	Helsingfors	2007	569	Mexico	Mexico City	2005	8 464
France	Paris	1999	9 645	United States	Washington D.C.	2000	572
Greece	Athens	2001	746				
Netherlands	Amsterdam	2007	1 022	India	New Delhi	2001	301
Ireland	Dublin	2006	1 046	Indonesia	Jakarta	2005	8 840
Iceland	Reykjavik	2008	117	Israel	Jerusalem	2006	729
Italy	Rom	2001	2 547	Japan	Tokyo	2005	8 490
Croatia	Zagreb	2001	692	China	Beijing	2000	10 300
Latvia	Riga	2006	728	Singapore	Singapore	2006	4 484
Lithuania	Vilnius	2007	543	Korea, Republic of	Seoul	2005	9 763
Luxembourg	Luxembourg	2008	86	Turkey	Ankara	2007	3 764
Malta	Valetta	2005	6				
Norway	Oslo	2006	825	Australia	Canberra	2006	323
Poland	Warszawa	2002	1 672	New Zealand	Wellington	2006	361
Portugal	Lissabon	2001	2 683				
Romania	Bukarest	2002	1 926				
Russian Federation	Moscow	2002	10 130				
Switzerland	Bern	2006	122				
Slovakia	Bratislava	2001	429				
Slovenia	Ljubljana	2004	252				
Spain	Madrid	2008	3 213				
United Kingdom	London	2006	7 512				
Sweden	Stockholm	2009	829				
Czech Republic	Praque	2006	1 182				
Germany	Berlin	2006	3 404				
Hungary	Budapest	2007	1 696				
Austria	Wien	2006	1 661				

¹ Province: Copenhagen and Copenhagen Suburbs.

Source: The Statesman's Yearbook 2010 and the websites of the national statistical institutes via www.dst.dk ("Links to other statistical sources")

Table 431 Population, birth and death rates in selected countries

	2007				Life expectancy		
	Estimated population figures 1 July	Per thousand inhabitants		Deaths in 1st year as % of total live births	Year	Males 0 year	Females 0 year
		Live births	Deaths				
	millions	per thousand					
OECD countries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
EU countries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Belgium	10.6	11.4	9.5	4.0	2006	77.0	82.7
Bulgaria	7.7	9.8	14.8	9.2	2005-2007	69.2	76.3
Cyprus	0.8	10.9	6.9	...	2004-2005	77.0	81.7
Denmark	5.5	11.7	10.2	4.0	2006-2007	75.9	80.5
Estonia	1.3	11.8	13.0	...	2006	67.4	78.5
Finland	5.3	11.1	9.3	2.7	2007	75.8	82.9
France	61.7	12.7	8.4	3.6 ¹	2006	77.2	84.2
Greece	11.2	10.0	9.8	3.5	2007	77.0	82.0
Netherlands	16.4	11.1	8.1	4.1	2007	78.0	82.3
Ireland	4.3	16.3	6.5	3.7 ¹	2002	75.1	80.3
Iceland	0.3	14.6	6.2	...	2006-2007	79.4	82.9
Italy	59.4	9.5	9.7	3.7	2005	78.1	83.7
Croatia	4.4	9.4	11.8	5.6	...	...	...
Latvia	2.3	10.2	14.5	8.7	2007	65.8	76.5
Lithuania	3.4	9.6	13.5	5.9	2007	64.9	77.2
Luxembourg	0.5	11.4	8.1	...	2005-2007	77.6	82.7
Malta	0.4	9.5	7.6	...	2007	77.2	81.7
Norway	4.7	12.4	8.9	3.1	2007	78.2	82.7
Poland	38.1	10.2	9.9	6.0	2007	71.0	79.7
Portugal	10.6	9.7	9.8	3.4	2005-2007	75.2	81.6
Romania	21.5	10.0	11.7	12.0	2005-2007	69.2	76.1
Russian Federation	142.1	11.3	14.6	9.2	2007	61.4	73.9
Switzerland	7.6	9.9	8.1	3.9	2007	79.2	84.1
Slovakia	5.4	10.1	10.0	6.1	2007	70.5	78.1
Slovenia	2.0	9.8	9.2	...	2006-2007	75.0	82.3
Spain	44.9	11.0	8.6	3.5	2004-2005	77.0	83.5
United Kingdom	61.0	12.7	9.4 ¹	5.0 ¹	2000	75.3	80.1
Sweden	9.1	11.7	10.0	2.5	2007	78.9	83.0
Czech Republic	10.3	11.1	10.1	3.1	2007	73.7	79.9
Germany	82.3	8.3	10.1	3.9	2005-2007	76.9	82.3
Hungary	10.1	9.7	13.2	5.9	2007	69.2	77.3
Austria	8.3	9.2	9.0	3.7	2006	75.5	81.5
South Africa	48.3	...	...	...	2004	49.9	52.9
Brazil	187.6	...	...	...	2007	68.8	76.4
Canada	33.0	10.7	7.1	5.4 ²	2004	77.8	82.6
Chile	16.6	14.1 ¹	5.2 ¹	7.9 ¹	2005-2010	75.5	81.5
Mexico	105.8	...	4.9	...	2007	72.6	77.4
United States	301.6	14.3	8.1 ¹	6.6 ¹	2005	74.9	79.9
India	1 134.0	23.1	7.4	55.0	2002-2006	62.6	64.2
Indonesia	225.6	...	...	...	...	...	...
Israel	7.2	21.1	5.5	3.9	2007	78.8	82.5
Japan	127.8	8.6	8.8	2.6	2007	79.2	86.0
China	1 324.7	12.0	6.9	...	2000	69.6	73.3
Singapore	4.6	8.6	3.7	3.1 ¹	2007	78.1	82.9
Korea, Republic of	48.5	10.3	5.1	3.4	2006	75.7	82.4
Turkey	73.9	17.3	6.1	16.7	2006	69.1	74.0
Australia	21.1	13.5	6.5	4.1	2005-2007	79.0	83.7
New Zealand	4.2	15.1	6.7	4.9	2006-2008	78.2	82.2

¹ 2006. ² 2005.Source: United Nations: *Demographic Yearbook, 2008*

Table 432 Live births per thousand women

	Year	Live births per thousand women						Total fertility rate per woman 2007	
		15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-34 years	35-39 years	40-44 years		45-49 years
OECD countries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
EU countries	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Belgium	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.8	
Bulgaria	2007	41.3	77.9	85.6	56.1	18.4	2.8	0.1	1.4
Cyprus	2007	5.2	40.0	94.0	90.1	40.5	6.5	0.8	1.5
Denmark	2007	5.7	42.3	126.5	130.3	55.3	9.1	0.3	1.9
Estonia	2007	24.0	71.7	103.6	80.9	39.4	7.7	0.3	1.6
Finland	2007	9.1	58.8	114.9	117.1	53.8	11.4	0.5	1.8
France	2007	10.3	60.6	133.9	119.2	54.8	11.2	0.5	2.0
Greece	2007	11.1	44.4	83.8	91.0	43.4	8.5	0.9	1.4
Netherlands	2007	5.2	39.2	106.1	125.5	55.1	7.8	0.3	1.7
Ireland	2006	16.4	48.8	79.4	131.9	89.3	17.8	0.7	1.9
Iceland	2007	14.1	78.0	133.9	121.7	60.0	10.2	0.9	2.5
Italy	2004	7.0	33.6	73.9	89.8	49.2	9.9	0.4	1.3
Croatia	2007	13.6	60.8	95.3	74.8	30.1	5.4	0.2	1.4
Latvia	2007	17.9	67.9	90.4	65.5	33.0	7.4	0.3	1.4
Lithuania	2007	18.7	63.4	96.7	62.1	24.2	4.5	0.2	1.4
Luxembourg	2007	10.2	46.1	97.9	104.3	53.7	9.2	0.4	1.6
Malta	2007	16.7	46.0	88.6	84.2	33.4	6.1	...	1.3
Norway	2007	9.1	60.5	122.3	123.2	54.1	9.7	0.4	1.9
Poland	2007	13.9	57.7	91.1	62.8	24.0	4.9	0.2	1.3
Portugal	2007	16.7	44.1	76.1	82.8	39.4	7.4	0.3	1.3
Romania	2007	35.2	66.5	81.0	54.4	18.3	3.9	0.2	1.3
Russian Federation	2007	30.3	87.2	85.2	54.3	22.5	4.0	0.2	1.4
Switzerland	2007	4.3	36.4	84.4	105.0	53.2	9.4	0.5	1.5
Slovakia	2007	20.6	54.0	83.4	65.3	24.0	4.1	0.2	1.3
Slovenia	2007	5.1	39.2	102.4	93.0	31.9	5.4	0.2	1.4
Spain	2007	13.2	35.5	65.1	98.7	57.8	10.5	0.7	1.4
United Kingdom	2004	26.7	71.5	97.6	97.5	48.5	9.8	0.5	1.9
Sweden	2007	5.9	79.6	112.4	131.7	62.2	12.3	0.6	1.9
Czech Republic	2007	11.1	48.0	107.4	88.3	29.9	4.6	0.2	1.4
Germany	2007	9.9	43.9	83.2	87.6	40.5	7.1	0.3	1.4
Hungary	2007	19.4	45.3	85.5	78.8	29.7	5.7	0.2	1.3
Austria	2007	11.2	51.0	88.1	81.7	35.7	6.7	0.3	1.4
South Africa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.7
Brazil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.9
Canada	2005	13.3	50.5	97.4	97.6	42.1	7.1	0.3	1.6
Chile	2006	51.0	81.6	88.0	80.8	46.4	13.3	0.8	1.9
Mexico	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.1
United States	2004	41.2	101.8	115.2	95.4	45.3	9.0	0.5	2.1
India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.7
Indonesia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.2
Israel	2007	13.9	104.3	172.0	167.6	96.1	24.4	2.2	2.9
Japan	2007	4.9	35.5	84.1	88.7	40.2	6.1	0.2	1.3
China	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.7
Singapore	2007	6.4	32.9	84.7	102.3	45.8	7.0	0.2	1.3
Korea, Rep. of	2005	2.1	18.9	97.0	88.0	20.1	2.6	0.2	1.3
Turkey	1997	50.0	173.6	144.9	73.3	36.1	15.5	3.4	2.1
Australia	2007	15.9	55.9	106.3	126.3	68.0	12.6	0.6	1.9
New Zealand	2007	31.3	76.0	114.1	127.3	70.5	13.8	0.7	2.2

Source: United Nations: *Demographic Yearbook, 2008*. United Nations: *World Development Indicators, 2009* (column 8)

Table 433 Education in selected countries. 2007

	School expectancy (in years)				Population with completed higher education (25-64 years old)				
	Primary and lower-secondary school	Upper-secondary education	Higher education	Total	25-34 years	35-44 years	45-54 years	55-64 years	Total
	number of years				per cent				
OECD countries¹	9.5	4.0	3.1	16.6	34	29	25	20	28
EU countries²	9.4	4.1	3.1	16.6	31	26	22	18	24
Belgium	9.4	6.5	3.0	18.9	41	36	28	22	32
Bulgaria	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cyprus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Denmark	9.5	4.1	3.6	17.2	40	34	30	24	32
Estonia	9.2	...	3.4	...	35	34	35	28	33
Finland	9.0	5.7	4.7	19.4	39	43	36	28	36
France	9.5	3.4	2.7	15.6	41	29	20	17	27
Greece	9.2	3.2	4.2	16.6	28	26	21	14	23
Netherlands	10.3	3.5	3.0	16.8	37	31	30	26	31
Ireland	11.0	3.6	2.9	17.5	44	34	25	17	32
Iceland	9.9	5.6	3.6	19.1	31	35	28	23	30
Italy	8.3	4.8	3.1	16.2	19	14	11	9	14
Croatia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Latvia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lithuania	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Luxembourg	9.2	3.8	...	...	36	27	22	19	27
Malta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Norway	10.0	4.0	3.6	17.5	43	36	31	26	34
Poland	9.0	3.9	3.4	16.3	30	18	13	12	19
Portugal	10.5	2.9	2.6	16.1	21	14	10	7	14
Romania	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Russian Federation	8.3	...	...	...	55	58	54	44	54
Switzerland	9.6	3.5	2.3	15.4	35	34	30	26	31
Slovakia	8.8	3.8	2.5	15.2	17	13	14	11	14
Slovenia	8.7	...	4.2	...	30	23	19	16	22
Spain	10.9	2.3	3.0	16.2	39	32	23	16	29
United Kingdom	9.0	4.5	2.8	16.4	37	32	31	25	32
Sweden	9.9	4.6	3.6	18.2	40	31	29	26	31
Czech Republic	9.0	4.3	2.5	15.8	15	14	14	11	14
Germany	10.3	3.6	2.3	16.2	23	26	25	23	24
Hungary	8.1	4.9	3.1	16.1	22	17	16	16	18
Austria	8.1	4.6	2.4	15.1	19	19	17	14	18
South Africa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brazil	10.3	...	1.7	...	10	10	10	8	10
Canada	...	...	...	...	56	53	45	39	48
Chile	8.3	...	2.7	...	18	13	11	9	13
Mexico	10.1	1.8	1.3	13.2	19	16	15	9	16
United States	9.3	2.8	4.2	16.3	40	42	40	39	40
India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Indonesia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Israel	8.4	...	3.0	...	42	46	44	43	44
Japan	9.1	2.9	...	...	54	46	41	24	41
China	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Singapore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Korea. Rep. of	9.0	2.8	4.8	16.6	56	40	21	11	35
Turkey	7.8	2.7	1.9	12.4	14	10	9	8	11
Australia	11.7	4.7	3.6	20.1	41	34	32	27	34
New Zealand	10.1	5.5	4.1	19.7	47	41	39	35	41

Note: Estimated figures.

Source: OECD, *Education at a Glance. OECD indicators, Britannica Book of the year*¹ Average percentage for all OECD countries by highest level of education completed by population.² EU-lande with a full set of data.

Table 434 Employment and activity rate. 2008

	Labour force	Employed persons	Activity rate men	Activity rate woman
	thousand persons		per cent	
OECD countries	571 900	538 043	80.8	62.8
EU countries	234 300	217 751	78.0	63.9
Belgium	4 780	4 446	60.9	46.9
Bulgaria	3 560	3 361	59.8	48.3
Cyprus	398	383	73.1	55.8
Denmark	2 926	2 827	82.0	74.6
Estonia	695	657	68.2	54.8
Finland	2 726	2 553	66.2	57.4
France	27 983	25 913	61.8	51.1
Greece	4 940	4 583	65.0	42.6
Netherlands	8 717	8 457	72.3	59.2
Ireland	2 224	2 109	72.7	54.2
Iceland	184	179	...	...
Italy	25 097	23 405	60.6	38.7
Croatia	1 785	1 636	56.2	41.7
Latvia	1 216	1 124	70.1	55.4
Lithuania	1 614	1 520	62.8	51.4
Luxembourg	218	208	64.5	48.2
Malta	171	161	66.4	32.7
Norway	2 591	2 524	77.0	70.7
Poland	17 011	15 800	62.7	46.6
Portugal	5 625	5 198	69.4	56.2
Romania	9 945	9 369	62.8	46.8
Russian Federation	75 757	70 965	70.4	56.1
Switzerland	4 375	4 229	75.5	61.3
Slovakia	2 691	2 434	68.3	51.0
Slovenia	1 033	990	65.3	53.3
Spain	22 848	20 258	58.1	42.8
United Kingdom	31 118	29 475	56.7	46.3
Sweden	4 896	4 593	74.0	68.4
Czech Republic	5 232	5 002	68.2	49.3
Germany	41 874	38 734	66.1	51.9
Hungary	4 208	3 879	62.0	47.8
Austria	4 252	4 090	68.7	54.1
South Africa	17 788	13 713	61.8	46.9
Brazil ¹	97 039	90 786	80.4	57.7
Canada	18 245	17 126	72.9	62.8
Chile	7 285	6 740	71.6	41.6
Mexico	45 122	43 867	80.2	42.9
USA	154 287	145 362	...	...
India ^{2,3}	385 600	368 966	...	...
Indonesia	111 947	102 553	83.5	51.1
Israel	2 957	2 777	62.0	51.3
Japan	66 500	63 850	72.8	48.4
China ³	783 660	774 800	...	...
Singapore	1 928	1 852	76.1	55.6
Korea, Republic of	24 348	23 577	...	...
Turkey	23 805	21 194	70.1	24.5
Australia	11 211	10 741	72.2	58.3
New Zealand	2 283	2 188	74.2	61.3

Note: Figures for EU countries cover 15-64 year-olds, while the age limit for other countries mostly is 15+. The figures are based on national Labour Force Surveys. For countries outside the EU the figures can be calculated slightly different in individual countries. This affects comparability. The different methods of calculation can also mean that the labour force for an individual country can vary from the sum of employed and unemployed persons.

¹ 2007. ² 2000. ³ Not based on a Labour Force Survey.

Source: ILO, *Yearbook of Labour Statistics 2009*

Table 435 Unemployment, 2008

	Unemployed persons	Unemployment rates	Unemployed men	Unemployed women
	thousand persons	per cent	thousand persons	
OECD countries	33 669	5.9	18 696	14 973
EU countries	16 549	7.1	8 559	7 989
Belgium	334	7.0	170	163
Bulgaria	200	5.6	104	96
Cyprus	15	3.7	7	8
Denmark	98	3.4	47	51
Estonia	38	5.5	20	18
Finland	172	6.4	85	87
France	2 070	7.4	1 018	1 053
Greece	357	7.2	137	221
Netherlands	257	3.0	128	128
Ireland	116	5.2	78	38
Iceland	6	3.0	3	2
Italy	1 692	6.7	820	872
Croatia	149	8.4	68	81
Latvia	92	7.5	50	41
Lithuania	94	5.8	50	45
Luxembourg	10	4.8	5	6
Malta	10	6.1	6	4
Norway	67	2.6	38	30
Poland	1 211	7.1	599	612
Portugal	427	7.6	194	233
Romania	576	5.8	369	206
Russian Federation	4 791	6.3	2 542	2 250
Switzerland	147	3.4	66	80
Slovakia	258	9.6	125	133
Slovenia	43	4.2	20	23
Spain	2 591	11.3	1 311	1 280
United Kingdom	1 643	5.3	969	674
Sweden	305	6.2	152	152
Czech Republic	230	4.4	103	127
Germany	3 141	7.5	1 690	1 451
Hungary	329	7.8	174	155
Austria	162	3.8	82	81
South Africa	4 075	22.9	1 917	2 158
Brazil ¹	8 060	8.2	3 391	4 669
Canada	1 119	6.1	633	487
Chile	545	7.5	307	238
Mexico	1 593	3.5	927	666
USA	8 924	5.8	5 033	3 891
India ²	39 112	10.1	26 785	12 327
Indonesia	9 395	8.4	5 245	4 150
Israel	180	6.1	91	90
Japan	2 650	4.0	1 590	1 060
China ²	8 860	4.2	...	...
Singapore	76	4.0	40	37
Korea, Republic of	769	3.2	505	265
Turkey	2 611	11.0	1 877	734
Australia	471	4.2	237	234
New Zealand	95	4.2	50	45

Note: Figures for EU countries cover 15-64 year-olds, while the age limit for other countries mostly is 15+. The figures are based on national Labour Force Surveys. For countries outside the EU the figures can be calculated slightly different in individual countries. This affects comparability. The different methods of calculation can also mean that the labour force for an individual country can vary from the sum of employed and unemployed persons.

¹ 2007. ² Not based on a Labour Force Survey.

Source: ILO. *Yearbook of Labour Statistics 2009*

Table 436 Consumer prices

	Consumer prices, percentage annual growth		
	2006	2007	2008
OECD countries	...	...	...
EU countries	...	...	...
Belgium	1.8	4.5	0.0
Bulgaria	7.6	12.0	2.5
Cyprus	2.2	4.4	0.2
Denmark	1.7	3.6	1.1
Estonia	6.7	10.6	0.2
Finland	1.6	3.9	1.6
France	1.6	3.2	0.1
Greece	3.0	4.2	1.3
Netherlands	1.6	2.2	1.0
Ireland	2.9	3.1	-1.7
Iceland	3.6	12.8	16.5
Croatia	2.0	3.5	0.8
Latvia	2.7	5.8	2.2
Lithuania	10.1	15.3	3.3
Italy	5.8	11.1	4.2
Luxembourg	2.7	4.1	0.0
Malta	0.7	4.7	1.9
Norway	0.7	3.4	2.3
Poland	2.6	4.2	4.0
Portugal	2.4	2.7	-0.9
Romania	4.9	7.9	5.6
Russian Federation	9.0	14.1	1.3
Switzerland	0.8	2.3	-0.7
Slovakia	1.9	3.9	0.9
Slovenia	3.8	5.5	0.9
Spain	2.8	4.1	-0.3
United Kingdom	2.3	3.6	2.2
Sweden	1.7	3.3	1.9
Czech Republic	3.0	6.3	0.6
Germany	2.3	2.8	0.2
Hungary	7.9	6.0	4.0
Austria	2.2	3.2	0.4
South Africa	6.1	9.3	...
Brazil	3.6	5.7	4.9
Canada	2.1	2.4	0.3
Chile	4.4	8.7	1.5
Mexico	4.0	5.1	5.3
United States	2.9	3.8	-0.4
India	6.4	8.4	10.8
Indonesia	6.3	10.1	4.6
Israel	0.5	4.6	3.3
Japan	0.1	1.4	-1.4
China	4.8	5.9	-0.7
Singapore	2.1	6.5	0.6
Korea, Republic of	2.5	4.7	2.8
Turkey	8.8	10.4	6.3
Australia	2.3	4.4	1.9
New Zealand	1.8	4.5	2.2

Source: IMF, International Financial Statistics and Eurostat database

Table 437 Comparison of GDP per capita and price level. 2008*

	GDP per capita converted with exchange rate	GDP per capita converted with purchasing power parity	Price level for the final consumption by households	Price level for food and non-alcoholic beverages
	EU27 = 100			
OECD countries	...	...	...	...
EU countries	100	100	100	100
Belgium	128	115	111	112
Bulgaria	18	41	50	61
Cyprus	87	96	91	106
Denmark	169	120	141	146
Estonia	48	67	78	82
Finland	138	117	124	126
France	121	108	111	105
Greece	85	94	94	101
Netherlands	145	134	104	90
Ireland	163	135	128	128
Iceland	128	121	117	125
Italy	104	102	106	115
Croatia	43	63	76	94
Latvia	41	57	73	77
Lithuania	38	62	65	71
Luxembourg	321	276	119	117
Malta	55	76	79	87
Norway	259	191	139	155
Poland	38	56	69	75
Portugal	62	76	87	87
Romania	...	47	61	70
Russian Federation	...	...	...	...
Switzerland	178	141	131	138
Slovakia	48	72	70	80
Slovenia	73	91	82	91
Spain	95	103	95	94
United Kingdom	118	116	100	103
Sweden	141	120	115	118
Czech Republic	57	80	73	81
Germany	121	116	104	106
Hungary	42	64	68	77
Austria	135	124	105	111
South Africa	...	...	...	...
Brazil	...	...	...	...
Canada	...	...	...	...
Chile	...	...	...	...
Mexico	...	...	...	...
United States	128	155	81	...
India	...	...	...	...
Indonesia	...	...	...	...
Israel	...	...	...	...
Japan	...	...	103	...
China	...	...	...	...
Singapore	...	...	...	...
Korea, Republic of	...	...	...	...
Turkey	28	46	71	81
Australia	...	...	...	...
New Zealand	...	...	...	...

Note: The figures are provisional. Final figures are available in December 2011. Figures are calculated at current prices and current purchasing power parities.

Source: Eurostat, database

Table 438 Output of selected world commodities, five largest producer countries

	2007	2008		2007	2008
	thousand tonnes			thousand tonnes	
Wheat , total	611 102	689 946	Maize , total	788 112	822 713
China	109 298	112 463	United States of America	331 175	307 384
India	75 807	78 570	China	152 419	166 035
United States of America	55 823	68 026	Brazil	52 112	59 018
Russian Federation	49 368	63 765	Mexico	23 513	24 320
France	32 764	39 002	Argentina	21 755	22 017
Rye , total	14 774	17 751	Rice , total	657 414	685 013
Russian Federation	3 909	4 505	China	187 397	193 354
Germany	2 698	3 744	India	144 570	148 260
Poland	3 126	3 449	Indonesia	57 157	60 251
Belarus	1 305	1 492	Bangladesh	43 057	46 905
Ukraine	563	1 051	Viet Nam	35 943	38 725
Barley , total	133 097	157 645	Sugar cane , total	1 627 451	1 743 093
Russian Federation	15 559	23 148	Brazil	549 707	648 921
Ukraine	5 981	12 612	India	355 520	348 188
France	9 474	12 171	China	113 732	124 918
Germany	10 384	11 967	Thailand	64 365	73 502
Canada	10 984	11 781	Pakistan	54 742	63 920
Oats , total	24 820	25 785	Sugar beet , total	246 554	227 585
Russian Federation	5 384	5 835	France	33 230	30 306
Canada	4 696	4 273	Russian Federation	28 836	28 995
United States of America	1 313	1 287	United States of America	31 912	26 837
Australia	843	1 267	Germany	25 139	23 003
Poland	1 462	1 262	Turkey	12 415	15 488
Pig meat , total	99 532	103 190	Tea , total	3 903	4 736
China	43 933	47 208	China	1 183	1 257
United States of America	9 953	10 462	Turkey	206	1 100
Germany	4 985	5 111	India	949	805
Spain	3 439	3 484	Kenya	370	346
Brazil	2 990	3 015	Sri Lanka	305	318
Mutton and lamb , total	8 281	8 255	Coffee , total	7 849	8 235
China	2 000	1 978	Brazil	2 249	2 791
Australia	684	693	Viet Nam	916	1 056
New Zealand	573	598	Colombia	757	689
Iran, Islamic Rep of	389	390	Indonesia	676	683
United Kingdom	325	326	Ethiopia	326	273
Beef and veal , total	65 615	65 722	Potatoes , total	323 543	314 140
United States of America	12 044	12 236	China	64 837	57 060
Brazil	9 303	9 024	India	28 600	34 463
China	6 153	6 152	Russian Federation	36 784	28 874
Argentina	2 830	2 830	Ukraine	19 102	19 545
India	2 781	2 755	United States of America	20 373	18 722
Chicken meat , total	76 061	79 373	Wine , total	26 424	27 271
United States of America	16 211	16 677	France	4 712	4 712
China	10 615	11 054	Italy	4 251	4 610
Brazil	8 988	10 216	Spain	3 400	3 400
Mexico	2 542	2 581	United States of America	2 300	2 300
India	2 240	2 490	Argentina	1 520	1 520

Source: FAO, FAOSTAT-Agriculture

Table 439 Merchant fleet of the 20 Major Shipping Nations. 2009

Flag State	Number of ships	thousand GT
Whole world	52 690	815 369
Panama	6 841	183 653
Liberia	2 251	84 968
Bahamas	1 226	44 811
Marshall Islands	1 190	44 617
Hong Kong	1 391	42 161
Singapore	1 479	39 619
Greece	1 269	38 734
Malta	1 512	33 925
China	2 745	26 913
Cyprus	847	19 612
United Kingdom	686	15 870
Germany	594	15 217
Norway	1 068	15 111
Italy	919	14 490
Japan	3 381	13 441
Korea, south	1 308	11 653
Denmark	404	10 274
Antigua and Barbuda	1 172	9 809
Bermuda Islands	141	9 017
Isle of Man	282	8 814

Note: Only merchant ships over 100 GT are included.

Source: The Danish Shipowners Association

Table 440 Consumption of pesticides

		2000	2002	2004	2006
	Tonnes in 1990	Index 1990=100			
OECD countries	...	...	...	...	...
EU countries	...	...	...	...	...
Belgium	9 922	96	51	61	70
Bulgaria	...	...	...	...	...
Cyprus	...	...	...	...	...
Denmark	5 650	50	51	51	57
Estonia	...	...	...	...	...
Finland	1 994	57	81	75	83
France	97 701	97	84	78	73
Greece	8 006	139	148	145	129
Netherlands	18 837	51	43	49	50
Ireland	1 802	118	155	...	...
Iceland	...	...	...	...	...
Italy ¹	78 267	102	121	119	104
Croatia	...	...	...	...	...
Latvia	...	...	...	...	...
Lithuania	...	...	...	...	...
Luxembourg	253	166	...	...	...
Malta	...	...	...	...	...
Norway	1 183	32	69	73	61
Poland	6 609	134	157	132	259
Portugal	285	167	213	144	...
Romania	...	...	...	...	...
Russian Federation	...	...	...	...	...
Switzerland	2 283	69	67	61	60
Slovakia	4 712	71	85	75	63
Slovenia	...	...	...	...	...
Spain	39 562	96	103	120	103
United Kingdom	35 621	100	95	94	68
Sweden	2 575	79	85	53	86
Czech Republic	8 920	48	53	47	51
Germany ²	26 732	113	110	108	119
Hungary	24 719	22	33	40	...
Austria	4 235	84	73	78	...
South Africa	...	...	...	...	...
Brazil	...	...	...	...	...
Canada	33 964	117	101	106	108
Chile	...	...	...	...	...
Mexico	36 000	107	108	88	124
United States	326 587	100	...	...	...
India	...	...	...	...	...
Indonesia	...	...	...	...	...
Israel	...	...	...	...	...
Japan	92 608	83	71	68	64
China	...	...	...	...	...
Singapore	...	...	...	...	...
Korea, Republic of	26 610	84	73	78	...
Turkey	34 055	98	90	103	106
Australia	17 867	187	149	203	201
New Zealand	3 490	104	119	116	126

¹ 1995=100. ² 1994=100.

Source: OECD, Environmental Data, Compendium 2008

Table 441 Consumption of electricity in selected countries per capita

	1993	2006
	kWh	
OECD countries	...	...
EU countries	...	...
Belgium	7 167	9 090
Bulgaria	4 438	4 949
Cyprus	3 590	6 035
Denmark	6 730	7 136
Estonia	7 071	6 519
Finland	13 588	17 793
France ¹	7 116	8 370
Greece	3 781	5 830
Netherlands	5 715	7 235
Ireland	4 664	7 042
Iceland	17 973	32 629
Italy ²	4 587	6 093
Croatia	2 589	4 066
Latvia	2 462	3 234
Lithuania	3 037	3 551
Luxembourg	12 924	16 694
Malta	4 155	5 649
Norway	26 091	26 289
Poland	3 421	3 954
Portugal	3 191	5 147
Romania	2 498	2 707
Russian Federation	6 294	6 878
Switzerland	7 622	8 918
Slovakia	4 979	5 395
Slovenia	5 337	7 551
Spain	3 993	6 803
United kingdom	5 844	6 699
Sweden	16 508	16 446
Czech Republic	5 520	6 973
Germany	6 520	7 525
Hungary	3 452	4 276
Austria	6 571	8 488
South Africa	3 861	4 752
Brazil	1 828	2 466
Canada	17 356	18 177
Chile	1 743	3 642
Mexico	1 508	2 373
USA	12 363	14 470
India	398	668
Indonesia	307	599
Israel	4 958	7 090
Japan	7 282	8 722
China	719	2 176
Singapore	5 898	8 796
Korea, Republic of	3 707	8 365
Turkey	1 245	2 393
Australien	9 361	12 157
New Zealand	9 560	10 504

¹ Includes Monaco. ² Includes San Marino. ³ Includes Liechtenstein.

Source: United Nations, *Energy Statistics Yearbook*

Table 442 Exports by commodity group. 2008

SITC – section/ division	All food items 0 + 1 + 22 + 4	Agricul- tural raw materials 2 - (22 + 27 + 28)	Fuels 3	Ores (minerals) and metals 27 + 28 + 68 + 667 + 971	Manufac- tured goods 5 thru 8 - (667 + 68)	Of which				Total value
						Chemical products 5	Other manufac- tured goods 6 + 8 - (667 + 68)	Machinery and transport equipment 7	Miscel- laneous goods, n.e.s. 9	
	per cent									USD mio.
OECD countries	7.2	1.4	8.6	4.9	73.7	13.2	21.0	39.4	4.2	9 621 573
EU countries	8.0	1.3	6.0	3.6	75.9	14.8	23.5	37.5	5.2	5 788 470
Belgium	8.6	1.3	9.2	6.7	72.0	27.2	21.7	23.1	2.3	477 188
Bulgaria	12.4	1.2	16.1	16.7	51.3	7.9	28.0	15.4	2.4	22 478
Cyprus	22.4	0.9	19.8	7.6	49.3	16.2	15.8	17.3	0.0	1 713
Denmark	17.5	2.5	11.5	1.5	65.6	13.2	25.5	26.9	1.4	115 832
Estonia	9.2	4.7	11.8	4.0	65.8	6.1	31.8	27.8	4.6	13 696
Finland	2.2	4.4	6.8	4.4	81.2	8.1	29.2	43.9	1.0	96 896
France	11.6	0.8	5.1	2.8	77.4	16.8	22.3	38.3	2.3	594 505
Greece	21.3	1.9	11.0	9.4	53.8	13.3	26.4	14.1	2.6	25 509
Netherlands	13.0	2.5	10.7	2.6	55.2	13.4	14.8	27.0	16.1	545 853
Ireland	9.7	0.5	1.0	1.1	84.5	51.1	12.1	21.3	3.2	127 047
Iceland	38.2	0.6	1.5	39.9	19.1	2.3	5.2	11.5	0.8	5 355
Italy	6.7	0.6	4.6	2.2	83.1	9.9	35.6	37.5	2.8	537 075
Croatia	9.8	3.3	12.9	4.3	69.7	9.9	26.4	33.5	0.0	14 124
Latvia	15.7	10.4	3.4	4.2	62.2	9.1	34.0	19.0	4.0	9 281
Lithuania	15.4	1.9	24.8	1.7	55.0	13.6	22.7	18.7	1.1	23 770
Luxembourg	6.5	0.5	0.9	6.2	82.0	6.5	53.6	22.0	3.9	17 660
Malta	6.6	0.1	2.1	0.7	89.6	10.6	21.5	57.5	0.8	2 980
Norway	4.5	0.5	67.7	5.8	17.6	2.5	5.8	9.3	3.8	167 812
Poland	9.5	1.0	4.2	4.0	79.7	7.7	30.7	41.2	1.7	171 860
Portugal	9.6	1.9	5.9	3.3	71.4	6.8	34.5	30.0	8.0	55 941
Romania	6.2	1.6	9.2	4.7	76.5	6.0	35.1	35.4	1.8	49 539
Russian Federation	1.8	2.1	65.7	5.8	16.5	4.8	8.3	3.4	8.2	467 994
Switzerland	3.4	0.4	3.0	5.1	88.1	34.3	29.5	24.3	0.0	200 615
Slovakia	3.6	1.0	5.0	2.5	85.7	4.4	27.3	54.0	2.2	70 189
Slovenia	3.8	1.6	3.0	4.5	86.9	14.3	32.7	39.9	0.2	29 253
Spain	15.6	1.2	3.8	3.1	76.3	12.4	25.3	38.7	0.0	268 090
United Kingdom	5.7	0.7	13.2	6.4	68.5	16.4	19.5	32.6	5.6	455 596
Sweden	3.9	3.7	7.3	4.2	74.6	10.2	25.7	38.7	6.2	183 857
Czech Republic	4.0	1.2	3.0	1.9	87.3	5.7	28.8	52.9	2.5	146 087
Germany	4.8	0.8	2.6	3.3	81.9	14.6	21.1	46.2	6.6	1 466 137
Hungary	7.2	0.5	3.1	1.7	80.2	7.6	15.8	56.9	7.3	108 211
Austria	6.5	1.7	3.4	3.7	81.0	9.6	31.6	39.7	3.6	172 228
South Africa	7.3	2.2	9.6	32.5	48.3	7.7	18.7	21.9	0.1	73 966
Brazil	27.4	3.6	9.4	13.4	43.7	6.4	16.2	21.1	2.4	197 942
Canada	8.4	4.6	26.9	10.4	46.1	8.3	13.3	24.6	3.6	468 027
Chile	16.3	6.3	1.4	61.2	11.6	4.7	5.2	1.7	3.3	3 614
Mexico	5.5	0.4	17.2	3.6	72.9	3.9	16.2	52.8	0.5	291 265
United States	8.7	2.1	5.9	6.4	74.0	13.8	17.4	42.8	2.9	1 299 899
India	9.9	1.7	18.1	14.8	53.9	11.2	29.1	13.6	1.6	181 861
Indonesien	17.6	6.4	29.0	8.5	38.5	5.0	20.7	12.7	0.0	137 020
Israel	2.8	0.6	0.9	33.2	60.6	25.2	13.3	22.0	1.8	61 337
Japan	0.5	0.6	2.4	3.1	88.7	8.8	17.8	62.0	4.7	781 412
China	2.5	0.4	2.2	1.8	92.9	5.5	40.2	47.1	0.1	1 430 693
Singapore	1.8	0.3	18.5	2.0	69.8	9.4	9.6	50.8	7.5	338 176
Korea, Rep. of	1.0	0.6	8.3	2.5	87.6	10.2	21.4	56.0	0.0	421 993
Turkey	8.1	0.4	5.7	6.1	78.7	4.3	44.8	29.6	1.0	132 002
Australia	11.5	2.4	32.0	34.5	15.3	3.8	4.7	6.9	4.1	186 853
New Zealand	50.0	8.6	6.9	5.6	25.3	5.1	11.0	9.2	3.7	30 578

Note: The classification is based on SITC rev. 3.

Source: UN, *UNCTAD Handbook of Statistics 2008*

Table 443 Current account of the balance of payments for selected countries. 2008

	Exports fob (a)	Imports fob (b)	Goods, net (a - b)	Services, net	Income, net	Current transfers, net	Current account, total, net	Current account as a percentage of GDP	Net foreign liabilities at end of year
	USD mio.						per cent	USD mio.	
OECD countries	9 497 753	10 369 910	-872 157	402 740	76 100	-298 893	-692 210	-1.7	...
EU countries (27)	1 941 969	2 249 148	-307 178	116 815	-103 680	-82 237	-376 281	-2.0	...
Belgium	373 391	388 434	-15 043	4 230	6 966	-8 255	-12 101	-2.4	-159 139
Bulgaria	22 586	35 450	-12 865	1 295	-1 798	791	-12 577	-25.2	51 750
Cyprus	2 130	11 063	-8 933	-2 359	7 052	-109	-4 349	-17.5	-970
Denmark	114 277	114 342	-65	9 874	4 694	-5 807	8 697	2.6	28 870
Estonia	12 566	15 329	-2 763	1 756	-1 512	273	-2 245	-9.5	17 045
Finland	96 970	88 264	8 706	2 676	-1 093	-2 335	7 955	2.9	11 356
France	605 219	692 102	-86 883	21 738	36 057	-35 141	-64 229	-2.2	517 884
Greece	29 163	94 209	-65 046	25 569	-16 015	4 180	-51 313	-14.4	249 376
Netherlands	534 129	476 897	57 232	12 874	8 041	-12 754	65 391	7.5	-91 563
Ireland	119 747	85 035	34 712	-7 692	-39 429	-1 812	-14 222	-5.3	147 808
Iceland ¹	3 477	5 716	-2 239	-715	-1 283	-34	-4 272	-26.3	19 316
Italy	546 857	546 908	-51	-10 898	-45 022	-22 059	-78 029	-3.4	468 148
Croatia	14 359	30 419	-16 061	-2 414	10 578	1 499	-6 397	-9.2	50 285
Latvia	9 634	15 648	-6 014	1 348	-596	769	-4 492	-13.2	25 673
Lithuania	23 741	29 477	-5 736	536	-1 573	1 070	-5 703	-12.1	23 674
Luxembourg	21 431	27 724	-6 293	29 999	-17 866	-2 663	3 176	5.8	-41 224
Malta	3 060	4 792	-1 732	-255	1 475	68	-444	-5.3	-479
Norway	173 575	85 948	87 628	1 122	2 915	-3 323	88 341	19.6	-236 179
Poland	177 278	201 655	-24 377	5 144	-17 632	7 944	-28 921	-5.5	243 282
Portugal	56 418	87 825	-31 407	9 654	-11 495	3 649	-29 599	-12.1	224 802
Romania	49 626	76 721	-27 095	1 203	-7 719	8 926	-24 685	-12.3	96 580
Russian Federation	471 603	291 861	179 742	-25 050	-49 196	-3 096	102 400	6.1	-254 065
Switzerland	241 163	227 681	13 482	41 622	-35 503	-12 699	6 902	1.4	-607 683
Slovakia	70 272	71 170	-899	-685	-3 344	-1 257	-6 185	-6.5	50 663
Slovenia	29 583	33 467	-3 884	2 387	-1 533	-299	-3 329	-6.1	16 807
Spain	285 896	415 539	-129 643	38 933	-49 586	-13 832	-154 129	-9.6	1 211 030
United Kingdom	466 344	639 322	-172 978	83 244	69 741	-25 678	-45 670	-1.7	86 304
Sweden	185 878	167 759	18 119	17 713	10 814	-6 330	40 317	8.4	27 919
Czech Republic	145 697	139 328	6 369	4 851	-17 276	-575	-6 631	-3.1	82 878
Germany	1 498 190	1 232 430	265 760	-37 988	64 513	-48 738	243 549	6.7	-929 326
Hungary	106 644	106 469	175	1 376	-13 080	-1 920	-13 448	-8.6	150 255
Austria	179 197	179 773	-576	19 245	-2 867	-2 647	13 155	3.2	59 857
South Africa	86 118	90 566	-4 448	-4 395	-9 128	-3 010	-20 981	-7.6	10 662
Brazil	197 942	173 107	24 835	-16 690	-40 562	4 224	-28 192	-1.8	278 798
Canada	462 682	398 982	63 700	-21 269	-14 065	-1 085	27 281	1.8	-5 501
Chile	66 456	57 610	8 846	-14 563	-646	2 924	-3 440	-2.0	33 426
Mexico	291 342	308 603	-17 261	-6 756	-17 250	25 461	-15 805	-1.5	369 084
United States	1 281 010	2 117 280	-836 270	140 335	118 233	-128 363	-706 066	-4.9	3 469 250
India	187 912	315 062	-127 150	46 395	-3 539	48 206	-36 088	-3.0	80 868
Indonesia	139 606	116 690	22 916	-12 745	-15 271	5 385	285	0.1	161 079
Israel	57 161	64 399	-7 238	4 175	-3 298	8 482	2 120	1.0	-3 967
Japan	746 473	708 342	38 131	-20 789	152 336	-13 043	156 634	3.2	-2 484 970
China	1 434 600	1 073 920	360 680	-11 812	31 438	45 799	426 107	9.8	-1 519 020
Singapore	344 399	313 487	30 912	3 993	-4 969	-2 756	27 181	14.9	-191 409
Korea, Republic of	433 427	427 433	5 994	-16 734	5 107	-773	-6 406	-0.7	113 066
Turkey	140 999	193 843	-52 844	17 513	-7 964	2 006	-41 289	-5.7	198 049
Australia	189 057	193 972	-4 915	-3 098	-39 399	-374	-47 786	-4.7	499 136
New Zealand	31 188	32 760	-1 572	-643	-9 766	644	-11 337	-8.8	93 883

¹ 2006.

Source: IMF: *Balance of Payments Statistics, March 2010 (CD-ROM)*. IMF: *World Economic Outlook Database, October 2009*.
Stats.oecd.org. Epp.eurostat.eu. OECD Economic Outlook, volume 2009/1

Table 444 The world's 20 largest economies

	Growth in GDP at constant prices					
	Gross domestic product at current prices					
	2008 ¹	2004	2005	2006	2007	2008
	billion dollars	per cent				
The world	60 917	4.9	4.5	5.1	5.2	3.0
United States	14 441	3.6	3.1	2.7	2.1	0.4
Japan	4 911	2.7	1.9	2.0	2.3	-0.7
China	4 327	10.1	10.4	11.6	13.0	9.0
Germany	3 673	1.2	0.7	3.2	2.5	1.2
France	2 867	2.3	1.9	2.4	2.3	0.3
United Kingdom	2 680	3.0	2.2	2.9	2.6	0.7
Italy	2 314	1.5	0.7	2.0	1.6	-1.0
Russian Federation	1 677	7.2	6.4	7.7	8.1	5.6
Spain	1 602	3.3	3.6	4.0	3.6	0.9
Brazil	1 573	5.7	3.2	4.0	5.7	5.1
Canada	1 500	3.1	3.0	2.9	2.5	0.4
India	1 207	7.9	9.2	9.8	9.4	7.3
Mexico	1 088	4.0	3.2	5.1	3.3	1.3
Australia	1 013	3.8	2.8	2.8	4.0	2.4
Korea, Republic of	929	4.6	4.0	5.2	5.1	2.2
Netherlands	877	2.2	2.0	3.4	3.6	2.0
Turkey	730	9.4	8.4	6.9	4.7	0.9
Poland	528	5.3	3.6	6.2	6.8	4.9
Belgium	506	2.8	2.2	3.0	2.6	1.0
Saudi Arabia	469	5.3	5.6	3.2	3.3	4.4
Denmark	340	2.3	2.4	3.3	1.6	-1.2

Note: Measured by gross domestic product this year.

¹ Nominated in US dollars using international currency exchange rates. See table 479 for Purchasing Power Parities adjusted GDP pr.capita

Source: International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, October 2008

Table 445 Gross domestic product, imports and end-use. 2008

	Gross domestic product in USD per capita ¹	Percentage of GDP				
		Private consumption expenditure	General government consumption expenditure	Gross capital formation	Imports of goods and services	Exports of goods and services
						per cent
OECD countries	...	48.9	16.0	16.5	27.9	27.6
EU countries	...	60.1	21.2	19.2	37.9	37.1
Belgium	36 322	53.5	23.1	22.7	92.6	92.1
Bulgaria	12 372	68.2	16.3	33.4	83.3	60.5
Cyprus	28 381	68.4	18.7	23.3	58.4	47.1
Denmark	38 208	48.9	26.5	21.6	52.5	54.7
Estonia	20 754	56.3	19.8	28.4	80.7	76.3
Finland	36 844	51.4	22.1	20.7	40.3	44.2
France	34 262	57.1	23.2	22.0	28.9	26.4
Greece	30 661	71.2	16.8	19.3	31.9	23.1
Netherlands	40 434	46.2	25.1	20.5	68.8	76.9
Ireland	42 780	48.5	17.2	21.1	69.0	81.0
Iceland	39 665	54.2	24.6	23.9	47.6	44.7
Italy	30 705	59.1	20.2	21.1	29.3	28.8
Croatia	16 474	59.1	18.6	27.6	50.3	41.9
Latvia	17 801	58.4	20.0	30.2	54.9	41.8
Lithuania	18 855	65.4	19.1	24.8	71.0	59.8
Luxembourg	81 730	34.2	16.0	20.2	150.7	179.3
Malta	23 908	61.3	20.8	16.1	85.2	81.3
Norway	55 199	38.9	19.2	20.8	28.8	48.1
Poland	17 560	61.3	18.5	22.0	43.5	39.8
Portugal	22 264	66.6	20.7	21.8	42.5	32.9
Romania	12 698	64.1	14.9	34.1	44.3	30.4
Russian Federation	16 161	48.6	16.7	21.9	21.9	31.0
Slovakia	22 242	56.5	17.2	26.0	85.0	82.6
Slovenia	28 894	52.7	17.9	28.1	71.4	68.6
Spain	30 757	57.2	19.1	29.4	32.2	26.4
United Kingdom	36 571	64.4	21.9	16.7	32.0	28.9
Sweden	37 526	46.5	26.4	19.5	46.8	54.2
Switzerland	42 841	57.8	10.6	21.8	45.8	56.1
Czech Republic	25 755	49.7	20.3	24.1	71.8	76.8
Germany	35 552	56.4	18.1	19.2	41.0	47.2
Hungary	19 830	53.7	21.3	20.1	80.2	81.4
Austria	39 647	52.9	18.3	22.9	53.5	58.8
South Africa	10 187	60.6	20.4	23.2	38.5	35.4
Brazil	10 298	60.7	19.8	19.3	13.6	13.6
Canada	39 339	55.7	19.7	22.7	33.3	34.9
Chile	14 688	59.2	11.7	23.9	41.0	45.2
Mexico	14 582	66.0	10.0	21.6	30.7	28.5
United States	47 025	71.0	17.0	17.1	18.0	13.0
India	2 787	54.5	11.0	34.3	26.8	21.7
Indonesia	3 990	60.9	8.4	27.6	28.6	29.8
Israel	28 245	57.7	25.4	18.1	42.3	40.3
Japan	34 501	57.8	18.5	23.1	17.3	17.4
China	5 943	37.3	13.8	47.2	33.2	37.8
Singapore	51 649	41.0	10.7	28.5	215.3	234.3
Korea, Republic of	26 341	54.5	15.3	29.3	54.1	52.9
Turkey	13 447	69.5	12.2	20.0	28.0	23.5
Australia	37 478	54.4	17.7	28.3	23.6	25.5
New Zealand	27 017	59.1	19.6	22.4	33.1	31.3

¹ Based on Purchasing Power Parities (PPP).

Source: International Monetary Fund, World Economic Outlook Database, October 2008.

Table 446 Tax incidence, 2007

	Taxes and duties, total		Personal income taxes	Other income taxes	Social contributions	Taxes on wealth, real property, etc.	General turnover taxes	Customs duties, etc.	Other taxes on specific goods and services, and fees on bonds, etc.
	1995	2007							
	per cent of GDP, current prices								
OECD countries	34.7	35.9	9.4	4.1	9.8	1.9	6.7	0.3	4.7
EU countries¹	39.0	38.9	9.2	3.6	11.5	1.6	7.6	0.2	5.1
Belgium	43.5	43.9	12.8	3.6	13.6	1.9	7.1	0.5	4.3
Bulgaria	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cyprus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Denmark	49.0	48.8	25.2	3.9	1.0	2.0	10.4	0.2	6.1
Estonia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Finland	45.7	42.9	13.0	3.9	11.9	1.1	8.4	0.1	4.6
France	43.2	43.7	7.5	3.0	16.2	3.1	7.4	0.1	6.4
Greece	28.7	32.1	4.7	2.8	11.7	1.3	7.5	0.1	4.0
Netherlands	41.6	37.5	7.7	3.3	13.6	0.8	7.4	0.4	4.3
Ireland	32.6	30.7	8.7	3.3	4.7	1.4	7.4	0.1	5.0
Iceland	31.2	40.9	13.8	4.7	3.1	3.5	10.6	0.4	4.7
Italy	40.1	43.5	11.1	3.5	13.0	1.6	6.2	0.1	7.8
Croatia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Latvia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Lithuania	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Luxembourg	37.4	37.0	7.4	5.5	10.3	2.8	5.8	0.1	5.1
Malta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Norway	40.9	43.6	9.6	11.3	9.1	1.7	8.3	0.1	3.5
Poland	36.2	34.9	5.3	2.7	12.0	1.9	8.2	0.3	4.5
Portugal	32.2	36.5	5.8	3.7	11.7	0.9	8.8	0.1	5.5
Romania	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Russian Federation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Slovakia	...	29.4	2.5	3.3	11.7	1.0	6.7	0.2	4.0
Slovenia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Spain	32.2	37.7	7.5	5.1	12.2	1.9	6.1	0.2	4.7
United Kingdom	34.1	36.1	10.9	3.4	6.6	3.9	6.6	0.2	4.5
Sweden	47.5	48.3	14.9	3.8	12.6	1.3	9.3	0.2	6.2
Switzerland	27.7	28.9	10.2	3.1	6.7	2.4	3.8	0.2	2.6
Czech Republic	37.5	37.4	4.3	5.0	16.2	0.9	6.6	0.2	4.1
Germany	37.2	36.2	9.1	2.2	13.2	1.0	7.0	0.2	3.4
Hungary	41.3	39.5	7.2	2.8	12.9	0.6	10.3	0.1	5.6
Austria	41.3	42.3	9.5	3.2	14.3	1.0	7.7	0.1	6.5
South Africa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brazil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Canada	35.6	33.3	12.4	4.1	4.8	3.6	4.5	0.2	3.5
Chile	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Mexico	15.2	18.0	·	5.0	2.8	0.4	3.7	0.3	5.9
United States	27.9	28.3	10.8	3.1	6.6	3.9	2.2	0.2	1.5
India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Indonesia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Israel	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Japan	26.8	28.3	5.5	4.8	10.3	2.8	2.5	0.2	2.2
China	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Singapore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Korea, Republic of	18.6	26.5	4.4	4.0	5.5	1.5	4.2	0.8	6.1
Turkey	16.8	23.7	4.0	1.6	5.1	0.7	5.1	0.3	6.9
Australia	28.8	30.8	11.3	7.1	·	2.1	4.0	0.5	5.8
New Zealand	36.5	35.8	15.1	7.5	·	2.7	8.4	1.0	1.1

¹ EU-19.

Source: OECD: Revenue Statistics of OECD Member Countries 1965-2008, Paris 2009

Table 447 EMU-debt, deficit(-) / surplus(+). 2008

	EMU-debt		EMU-deficit(-) / surplus(+)	
	millions Euro	per cent of GDP	millions Euro	per cent of GDP
Belgium	309 674	89.8	-4 061	-1.2
Cyprus	8 347	48.4	158	0.9
Finland	63 019	34.1	8 239	4.5
France	1 314 143	67.4	-65 919	-3.4
Greece	237 196	99.2	-18 507	-7.7
Netherlands	346 687	58.2	4 200	0.7
Ireland	80 153	44.1	-13 010	-7.2
Italy	1 663 031	105.8	-42 979	-2.7
Luxembourg	5 326	13.5	965	2.5
Malta	3 626	63.8	-265	-4.7
Portugal	110 377	66.3	-4 456	-2.7
Slovakia	18 613	27.7	-1 549	-2.3
Slovenia	8 337	22.5	-667	-1.8
Spain	432 081	39.7	-44 260	-4.1
Germany	1 644 473	65.9	1 050	0.0
Austria	176 575	62.6	-1 253	-0.4
Euro-zone	6 421 658	69.3	-182 258	-2.0
Bulgaria	4 801	14.1	626	1.8
Denmark	77 886	33.5	7 873	3.4
Estonia	741	4.6	-441	-2.7
Latvia	4 494	19.5	-956	-4.1
Lithuania	5 032	15.6	-1 042	-3.2
Poland	144 891	47.2	-13 282	-3.6
Romania	17 047	13.6	-7 598	-5.5
United Kingdom	772 938	52.0	-91 230	-5.0
Sweden	109 582	38.0	8 218	2.5
Czech Republic	41 494	30.0	-3 106	-2.1
Hungary	72 695	72.9	-3 993	-3.8
EU countries	7 690 881	61.5	-286 815	-2.3

Source: Eurostat