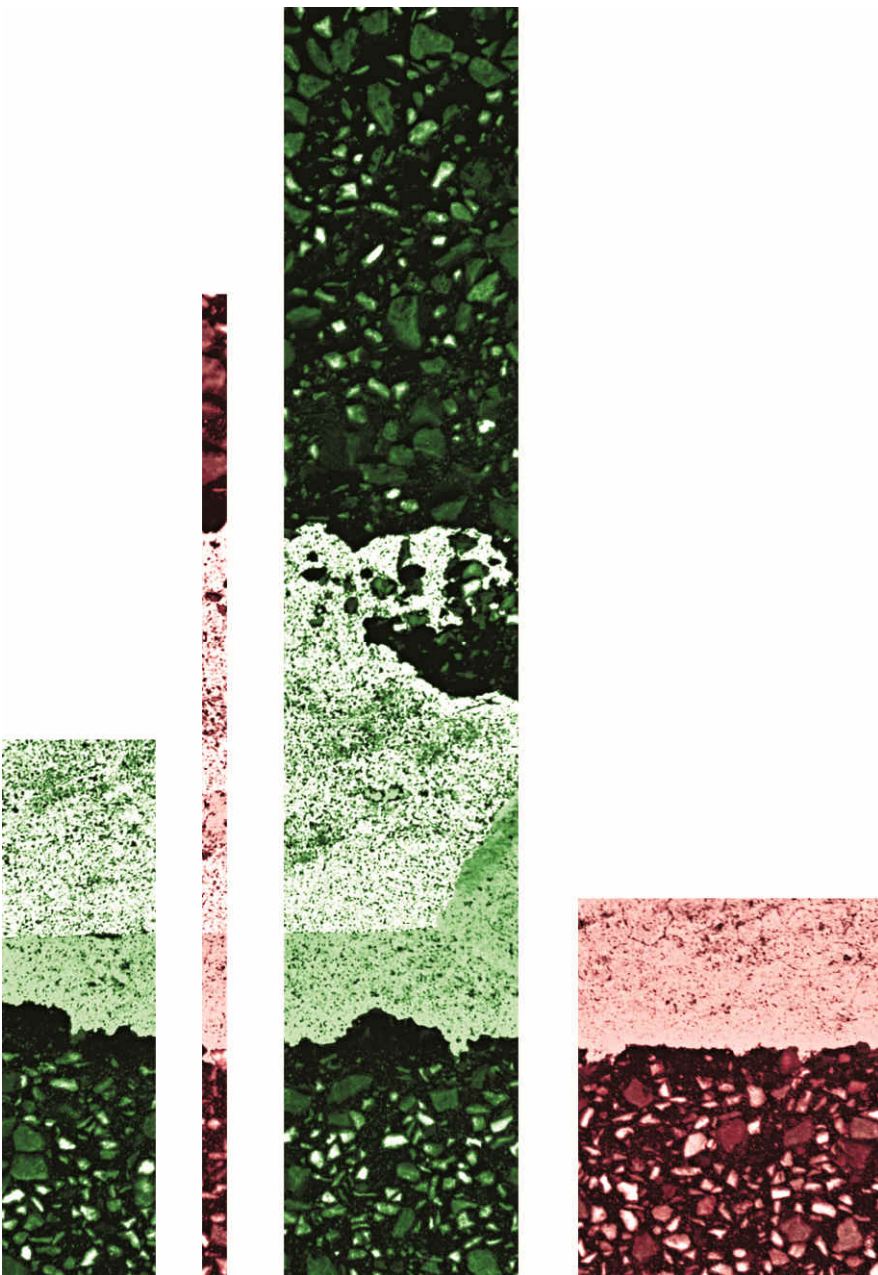


International statistics

Trends in the world population

World economy

International statistics since 1898

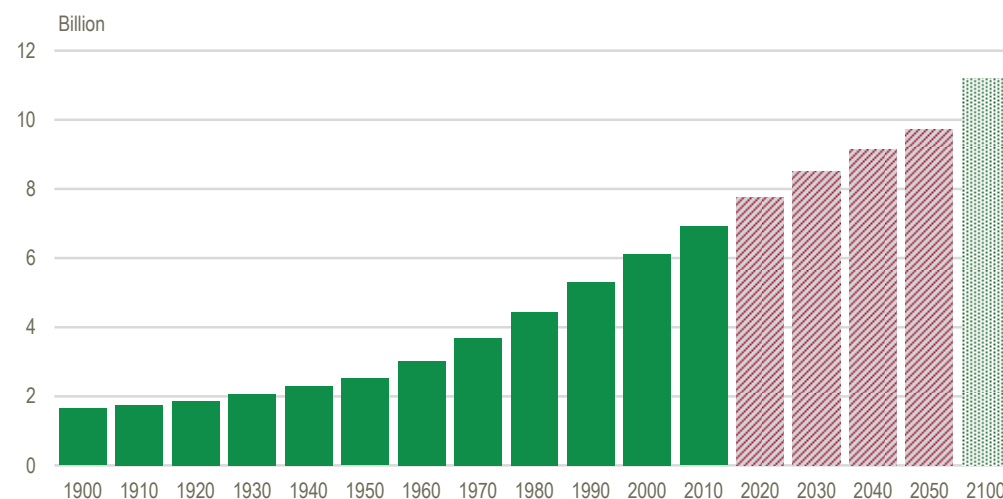


Trends in the World population

World population is growing

The world's population almost quadrupled during the 20th century. In 1900, the world population was 1.65 billion and in 2010, the world population is estimated at 7,4 billion in 2016. This trend gained momentum in the 1960s until the 1990s, with a growth rate around 20 per cent every decade. In 2050, the world population is assumed to be about 9.7 billion.

Figure 1 World population

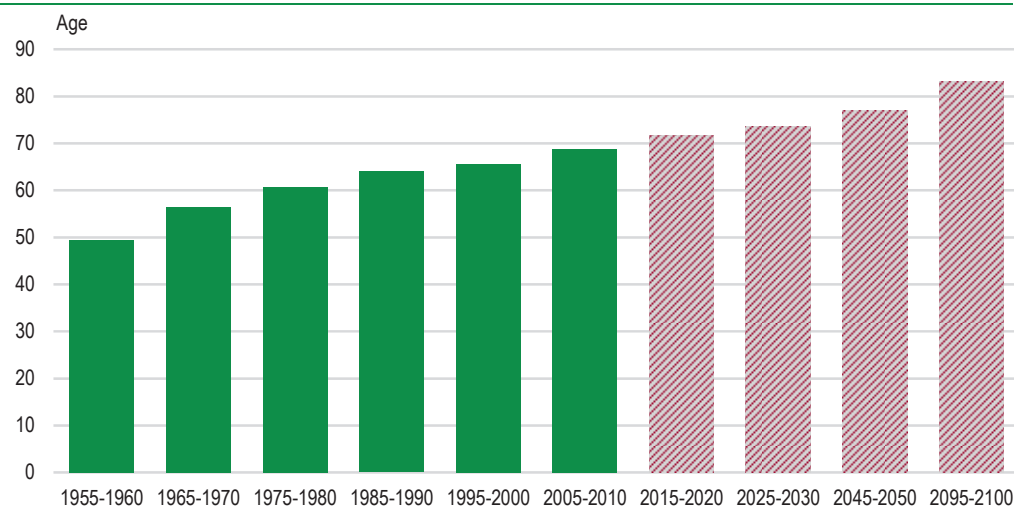


Source: UN (esa.un.org/unpd/wpp/publications/files/key_findings_wpp_2015.pdf)

We are also getting older – but major differences among countries

Simultaneously with the growing world population, we also live longer. In 1960, the average life expectancy for all new-born children in the world was 50 years. In 2010, average life expectancy increased to more than 69 years. In 2050, average life expectancy is assumed to have increased to 76 years. The figures reflect major differences among countries and continents. A child born in Hong Kong is 84, while a child born in Swaziland can only expect to live until the age of 49.

Figure 2 Average life expectancy for the world's new-born children

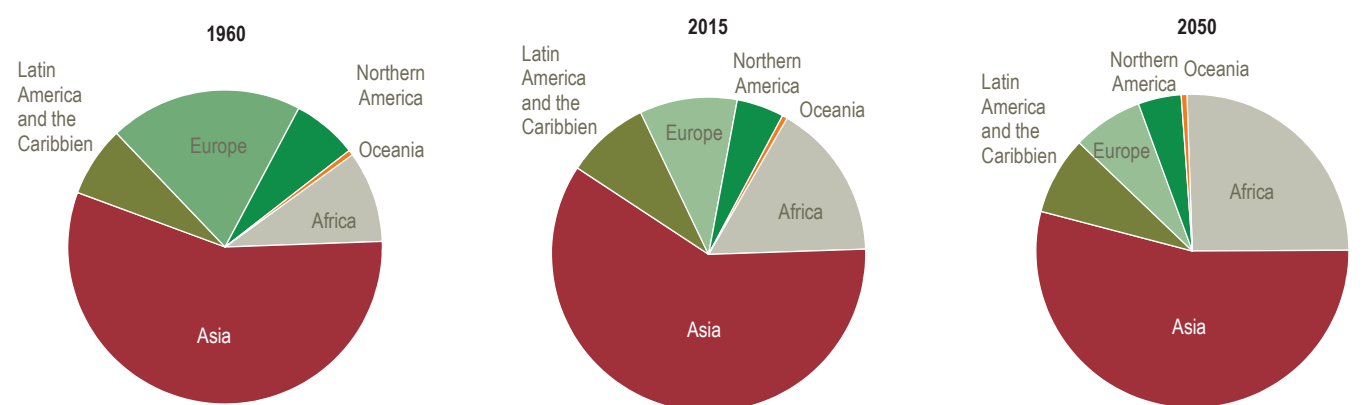


Source: UN (esa.un.org/unpd/wpp/publications/files/key_findings_wpp_2015.pdf)

Most people live in Asia, but Africa's share is increasing

There has been an increase in the world's population in all continents. As women in Asia and Africa give birth to a greater number of children, the share of the world's population has changed in the continents. In 1960, the European population accounted for 20 per cent of the world's total population, while this share had decreased to 10 per cent in 2015. Conversely, the Asian population has grown from representing 56 per cent of the world population in 1960 to 60 per cent in 2015. The forecast for 2050 is pointing to a share-related decline to 54 per cent. In turn, the African population grows, and forecasts indicate that the African population will grow from a share of 16 per cent in 2015 to 25 per cent in 2050 of the World's population in total.

Figure 3 World population by continents

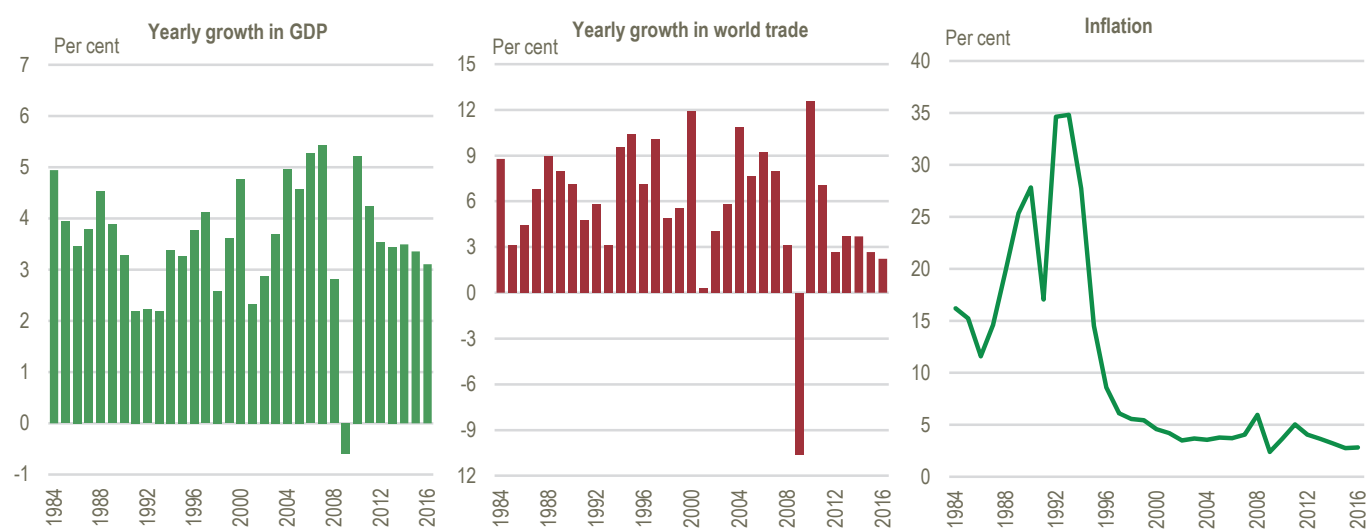


Source: IMF – global indicators

The World economy

Steady growth and increase in world trade

During the last 30 years, the world economy has grown by an average real growth of 3.6 per cent per year of the world's total GDP. The most marked recession during the period was in 2009, with GDP for the world economy fell by 0.6 per cent. Similarly, there has been a general increase in world trade since 1980, but the financial crises caused an extremely negative growth rate in 2009. During recent years, consumer prices (inflation) have been historically low despite a spike in 2008. Inflation in the overall world economy amounted 2.8 per cent in 2016.

Figure 4 Key indicators for the world economy

Source: IMF – global indicators

International statistics since 1898

Ever since 1898, Statistical Yearbook has included a chapter on international statistics. Several of the statistics from back then are still shown today. This goes for instance for *area and populations in states and territories*. Since then, some statistics have gone i.e. *the emigration to the USA*, while others have come such as *the EMU debt*. The selection of tables is meant to represent continuity as well as timeliness.

Harmonization

The development within the last 100 years has furthermore increased the need for international statistics regarding each country and therefore also comparisons between these countries.

Direct use of national statistics, i.e. each country's own statistics, for comparison between these countries, is not always possible as calculation methods often vary from country to country.

To ensure such comparability, international organizations go to great lengths to harmonize statistical terms (including establishing common nomenclatures) and calculation methods.

Harmonization can be anything from a set of guidelines (recommendations) to more direct requirements made of the statistical analyses which member countries submit to the relevant organization.

Organizations that publish statistics

The most central organizations that publish statistics (which are also included as sources in the section 'International tables' in the Statistical Yearbook) are:

- Eurostat (Statistical Office of the European Union)
- OECD (Organisation for Economic Co-operation and Development)
- UN (United Nations) – *including*:
 - ECE (Economic Commission for Europe)
 - FAO (Food and Agriculture Organization of the United Nations)
 - ILO (International Labour Organisation)
 - IMF (International Monetary Fund)
 - UNESCO (United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization)

- **WHO** (World Health Organization).
- **World Bank**

International comparable statistics are published as printed statistical publications, as CD-ROMs, and in databases, which can be accessed via links from the website of the organizations publishing statistics.

Statistics Denmark's Library and Information

Statistics Denmark's Library and Information, which is the central reference library for descriptive statistics, houses Denmark's largest collection of international statistics. The collection is constantly expanding and supplemented with the most recent material from the organizations that publish statistics. In addition to the large number of printed publications and CD-ROMs, the Library also provides access to a great many international databases as well as the Internet. The Library is open to the public.

Table 426 Largest city in selected countries

Country	City	Year	Thousands	Country	City	Year	Thousands
Belgium	Brucelles	2012	1 139	South Africa	Pretoria	2010	1 468
Bulgaria	Sofia	2011	1 292	Brazil	Brasilia	2010	2 482
Cyprus	Nicosia	2011	239	Canada	Ottowa	2011	1 236
Denmark	Copenhagen ¹	2013	1 231	Chile	Santiago	2010	5 959
Estonia	Tallinn	2011	393	Mexico	Mexico City	2010	8 851
Finland	Helsinki	2014	621	United States	Washington D.C.	2010	602
France	Paris	2006	10 143	India	New Delhi	2011	11 035
Greece	Athens	2011	746	Indonesia	Jakarta	2010	9 608
Ireland	Dublin	2011	1 111	Israel	Jerusalem	2011	969
Iceland	Reykjavik	2013	119	Japan	Tokyo	2010	8 946
Italy	Rome	2011	2 617	China	Beijing	2010	19 612
Croatia	Zagreb	2011	790	Singapore	Singapore	2006	4 484
Latvia	Riga	2014	702	Korea, Republic of	Seoul	2010	9 794
Lithuania	Vilnius	2011	536	Turkey	Ankara	2012	4 966
Luxembourg	Luxembourg	2013	104	Australia	Canberra	2011	357
Malta	Valletta	2011	6	New Zealand	Wellington	2006	398
Netherlands	Amsterdam	2011	780				
Norway	Oslo	2013	925				
Poland	Warsaw	2011	1 700				
Portugal	Lissabon	2011	2 822				
Romania	Bucharest	2011	1 883				
Russian Federation	Moscow	2010	11 500				
Switzerland	Bern	2013	128				
Slovakia	Bratislava	2013	618				
Slovenia	Ljubljana	2011	272				
Spain	Madrid	2011	3 199				
United Kingdom	London	2011	8 174				
Sweden	Stockholm	2012	881				
Czech Republic	Praque	2011	1 269				
Germany	Berlin	2011	3 502				
Hungary	Budapest	2011	1 729				
Austria	Vienna	2011	1 714				

¹ Province: Copenhagen and Copenhagen Suburbs.

Source: The Statesman's Yearbook 2017

Table 427 Population, birth and death rates in selected countries

	2015				Life expectancy		
	Estimated population figures 1 July	Per thousand inhabitants		Deaths in 1st year as % of total live births	Year	Males 0 year	Females 0 year
		Live births	Deaths				
	thousands	promille					
OECD	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
EU	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Belgium	11 258	10.9	9.8	3.4 ¹	2006	77.0	82.7
Bulgaria	7 202	9.2	15.3	7.6 ¹	2010-2012	70.6	77.5
Cyprus	847	10.8	6.9	3.5 ²	2013	80.0	84.8
Denmark	5 678	10.3	9.3	4.0 ¹	2014	78.5	82.7
Estonia	1 313	10.6	11.6	2.7 ¹	2014	72.3	81.5
Finland	5 472	10.1	9.5	2.2 ¹	2014	78.2	83.9
France	64 395	11.8	9.1	3.3 ¹	2014	79.3	85.4
Greece	10 858	8.5	11.1	3.8 ¹	2014	78.5	83.5
Ireland	4 635	14.2	6.4	3.3 ¹	2005-2007	76.8	81.6
Iceland	329	12.5	6.6	...	2013-2014	80.6	83.6
Italy	60 796	8.0	10.7	3.0 ¹	2014	80.3	85.0
Croatia	4 225	8.9	12.8	5.0 ¹	2014	74.7	81.0
Latvia	1 986	11.1	14.3	3.8 ¹	2014	69.3	79.5
Lithuania	2 932 ¹	10.4 ¹	13.7 ¹	3.9 ¹	2014	69.1	79.9
Luxembourg	563	10.9	7.1	...	2012-2014	80.2	84.8
Malta	429	10.1	8.0	...	2014	79.8	84.3
Netherlands	16 940	10.0	8.7	3.6 ¹	2009	78.5	82.7
Norway	5 166	11.4	7.9	2.4 ¹	2012	79.4	83.4
Poland	38 006	9.7	10.4	4.2 ¹	2012	72.7	81.0
Portugal	10 375	8.2	10.5	2.9 ¹	2012-2014	77.2	83.0
Romania	19 871	9.3	13.1	8.4 ¹	2012-2014	72.0	78.9
Russian Federation	143 507 ³	13.2 ³	13.1 ³	8.6 ²	2012	64.6	75.9
Switzerland	8 238	10.3	8.2	3.9 ¹	2014	81.0	85.2
Slovakia	5 421	10.2	9.9	5.8 ¹	2014	73.2	80.0
Slovenia	2 063	10.0	9.6	1.8 ¹	2014	78.0	83.7
Spain	46 450	9.0	9.0	2.8 ¹	2013	80.0	85.6
United Kingdom	64 875	12.0	9.3	3.9 ¹	2012	79.0	82.7
Sweden	9 747	11.8	9.3	2.2 ¹	2012	79.9	83.5
Czech Republic	10 543	10.5	10.5	2.4 ¹	2014	75.8	81.7
Germany	81 198	9.1	11.4	3.2 ¹	2010-2012	77.7	82.8
Hungary	9 843	9.4	13.4	4.5 ¹	2014	72.1	78.9
Austria	8 576	9.8	9.7	3.1 ³	2013	78.5	83.6
South Africa	54 002 ¹	...	...	...	2009	53.5	57.2
Brazil	204 451	...	5.9 ¹	...	2014	71.6	78.8
Canada	35 849	10.9 ¹	7.5 ¹	...	2006-2008	78.5	83.2
Chile	18 006	14.2 ¹	5.7 ¹	7.0 ³	2013	76.2	81.4
Mexico	121 006	18.3 ³	5.3 ¹	12.8 ³	2008	72.8	77.5
United States	321 419	12.5 ¹	8.2 ¹	5.8 ¹	2014	76.4	81.2
India	1 213 370 ²	21.0 ¹	6.7 ¹	39.0 ¹	2002-2006	62.6	64.2
Indonesia	255 462	...	...	...	2012	67.7	71.7
Israel	8 216 ¹	21.5 ¹	5.2 ¹	3.1	2010-2014	80.0	83.7
Japan	126 958	7.9	10.2	2.1 ¹	2014	80.5	86.8
China	1 371 220	12.1	7.1	...	2010	66.8	70.5
Singapore	5 535	10.8	5.1	2.0	2015	80.4	84.9
Korea, Republic of	50 617	8.6 ¹	5.3 ¹	3.0 ¹	2014	79.0	85.5
Turkey	77 738	17.1	5.2	11.1 ¹	2014	75.3	80.7
Australia	23 778	12.8 ¹	6.5 ¹	3.4 ¹	2012-2014	80.3	84.4
New Zealand	4 596	13.3	6.9	4.1	2012-2014	79.5	83.2

¹ 2014. ² 2012. ³ 2013.Source: United Nations: *Demographic Yearbook*, 2015

Table 428 Live births per thousand women

	Year	Live births per thousand women						Total fertility rate per women 2014	
		15-19 years	20-24 years	25-29 years	30-34 years	35-39 years	40-44 years		45-49 years
OECD	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
EU	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Belgium	2014	6.9	44.3	118.4	115.9	51.0	10.4	0.6	1.8
Bulgaria	2014	41.3	71.2	88.1	68.5	30.1	5.4	0.4	1.5
Cyprus	2014	4.9	27.6	81.3	95.4	43.5	10.0	1.5	1.4
Denmark	2014	3.6	34.5	108.7	122.2	56.3	11.0	0.5	1.7
Estonia	2014	15.4	52.2	95.6	85.3	47.1	11.3	0.6	1.5
Finland	2014	7.3	49.7	104.1	111.6	58.4	12.4	0.8	1.8
France	2012	9.4	58.2	131.0	127.2	59.1	12.9	0.7	2.0
Greece	2014	8.1	27.6	70.1	91.4	50.3	10.4	1.3	1.3
Ireland	2014	9.1	49.0	80.9	124.8	98.1	22.4	1.5	2.0
Iceland	2014	7.6	64.7	122.3	112.1	65.0	13.2	1.5	1.9
Italy	2013	5.9	31.5	70.7	92.8	59.5	15.2	1.1	1.4
Croatia	2014	10.2	47.5	92.6	91.2	41.7	8.4	0.4	1.5
Latvia	2014	19.8	63.5	103.6	87.1	46.4	10.0	0.3	1.5
Lithuania	2012	14.5	55.9	117.0	88.6	35.4	6.7	0.2	1.6
Luxembourg	2013	5.2	34.3	86.7	109.0	64.8	14.0	0.7	1.6
Malta	2014	12.9	39.4	85.0	92.9	46.9	8.0	0.6	1.4
Netherlands	2014	3.7	31.8	104.5	132.1	59.7	9.5	0.4	1.7
Norway	2014	5.0	44.8	110.2	120.2	58.3	11.1	0.7	1.8
Poland	2014	13.1	48.1	90.2	75.7	32.1	6.6	0.3	1.3
Portugal	2014	9.1	31.7	65.9	82.0	46.3	9.8	0.6	1.2
Romania	2014	35.3	70.2	91.7	69.6	29.1	5.5	0.3	1.4
Russian Federation	2011	25.2	85.1	101.2	68.6	31.8	6.3	0.3	1.7
Switzerland	2014	2.9	28.4	80.2	114.3	68.1	13.5	0.8	1.5
Slovakia	2014	23.7	48.9	81.0	78.6	35.4	6.4	0.2	1.3
Slovenia	2014	5.0	42.2	110.7	105.2	45.9	7.5	0.4	1.6
Spain	2014	8.1	26.7	57.9	92.1	63.6	15.2	1.0	1.3
United Kingdom	2014	15.5	59.0	99.8	110.1	64.0	13.5	0.8	1.8
Sweden	2014	5.0	44.4	112.6	131.1	67.2	14.6	0.8	1.9
Czech Republic	2014	11.7	42.3	95.2	102.5	42.7	7.7	0.4	1.5
Germany	2014	7.8	35.7	81.4	102.1	57.0	10.4	0.4	1.4
Hungary	2013	21.1	41.7	76.4	81.4	40.7	8.2	0.3	1.4
Austria	2014	7.4	42.3	87.8	96.2	49.3	9.6	0.5	1.4
South Africa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.4
Brazil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.8
Canada	2009	14.1	51.2	100.7	107.0	50.6	9.2	0.4	1.6
Chile	2013	46.0	78.2	83.8	85.9	53.1	14.3	0.7	1.8
Mexico	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.2
United States	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.9
India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	2.4
Indonesia	2010	33.5	143.5	167.4	136.9	84.8	31.0	8.3	2.5
Israel	2014	10.2	107.0	177.2	181.6	108.4	28.9	3.1	3.1
Japan	2014	4.4	28.7	81.2	97.2	52.2	10.3	0.3	1.4
China	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	1.6
Singapore	2015	2.8	19.6	77.5	115.9	57.9	10.3	0.4	1.3
Korea, Rep. of	2014	1.6	13.1	61.6	115.6	43.8	5.4	0.1	1.2
Turkey	2014	26.8	106.3	134.6	101.6	49.5	12.4	1.1	2.1
Australia	2014	12.7	47.8	95.4	120.1	68.9	14.4	0.9	1.9
New Zealand	2015	18.5	64.1	104.3	125.3	71.6	14.7	1.0	1.9

Source: United Nations: *Demographic Yearbook*, 2015United Nations: *World Development Indicators*, 2016 (column 9)

Table 429 Education in selected countries. 2014

	School expectancy (in years)				Population with completed higher education (25-64 years old)		
	Primary and lower-secondary school	Upper-secondary education	Higher education	Total	25-34 years	55-64 years	Total
	number of years				per cent		
OECD ¹	9.4	3.7	4.3	17.4	42	26	35
EU ²	9.3	3.9	4.3	17.5	40	23	32
Belgium	9.1	5.0	4.1	18.2	43	27	37
Denmark	10.6	4.2	4.8	19.7	44	29	37
Estonia	9.0	3.2	3.7	15.9	41	35	38
Finland	9.0	4.8	5.9	19.7	41	36	43
France	9.2	3.2	4.0	16.4	45	22	34
Greece	0.0	0.0	16.9	16.9	40	20	29
Ireland	10.9	2.7	4.5	18.1	52	27	43
Iceland	9.9	5.2	...	...	40	29	39
Italy	8.3	4.9	3.2	16.4	25	12	18
Lithuania	9.2	3.4	5.3	17.8	40	25	32
Luxembourg	9.3	3.8	2.0	15.1	50	26	40
Netherlands	10.3	3.5	4.2	18.0	45	27	35
Norway	10.0	3.8	4.3	18.1	48	33	43
Poland	9.0	3.4	5.3	17.7	43	14	28
Portugal	10.0	3.5	3.8	17.2	33	13	23
Russian Federation	8.5	1.0	6.5	16.0	58	50	54
Switzerland	9.3	3.8	4.3	17.4	49	32	42
Slovak Republic	8.7	3.5	3.8	16.1	31	13	21
Slovenia	8.9	4.5	4.7	18.1	41	19	30
Spain	9.7	3.5	4.6	17.8	41	23	35
United Kingdom	9.2	4.9	2.8	16.9	49	35	43
Sweden	9.8	4.2	5.0	19.0	46	30	40
Czech Republic	9.1	4.1	4.2	17.4	31	14	22
Germany	10.1	3.1	5.2	18.4	30	26	28
Hungary	8.0	4.3	4.5	16.9	32	17	24
Austria	8.0	3.9	5.2	17.1	39	22	31
Brazil	9.6	2.8	3.6	16.0	16	11	14
Canada	9.1	3.4	4.0	16.4	59	46	55
Chile	8.2	3.9	5.1	17.2	27	14	21
Mexico	10.0	2.0	2.6	14.6	21	12	16
United States	9.0	2.8	5.3	17.1	47	41	45
Israel	8.8	2.9	4.2	15.9	46	47	49
Japan	9.2	2.9	4.2	16.4	60	38	50
Korea	9.0	2.9	5.6	17.5	69	18	45
Turkey	8.8	3.9	4.8	17.5	28	10	18
Australia	11.6	3.1	4.5	19.3	48	34	43
New Zealand	10.2	3.7	3.9	17.9	39	27	34

Table 430 Employment and activity rate. 2015

	Labour force	Employed persons	Activity rate men	Activity rate women
	thousand persons		per cent	
OECD	613 142	571 656	68.9	51.6
EU	243 124	220 240	70.0	58.3
Austria	4 385	4 133	71.7	62.2
Belgium	4 962	4 540	64.3	55.1
Bulgaria	3 334	3 029	64.9	55.1
Croatia	1 895	1 586	64.0	53.7
Cyprus	420	357	71.7	62.5
Czech Republic	5 299	5 031	72.5	56.8
Denmark	2 933	2 752	72.3	64.7
Estonia	683	641	74.5	54.4
Finland	2 689	2 437	68.0	63.7
France	29 451	26 397	66.6	58.7
Germany	42 008	40 058	73.1	63.4
Greece	4 800	3 603	67.0	52.0
Hungary	4 518	4 211	67.2	53.2
Iceland	191	184	86.3	79.7
Ireland	2 156	1 953	71.6	57.1
Italy	25 428	22 395	65.4	46.6
Latvia	994	896	72.4	63.2
Lithuania	1 466	1 332	69.7	63.3
Luxembourg	275	257	69.6	59.8
Malta	196	186	71.3	46.2
Netherlands	9 808	8 294	75.3	65.1
Norway	2 760	2 641	73.7	68.2
Poland	17 357	16 053	68.5	53.9
Portugal	5 127	4 480	69.6	61.7
Romania	9 159	8 535	69.4	51.1
Russian Federation	76 588	72 324	75.5	63.4
Slovakia	2 737	2 423	71.1	56.9
Slovenia	1 004	914	67.6	58.9
Spain	22 913	17 857	70.8	60.3
Sweden	5 225	4 837	74.4	69.5
Switzerland	2 788	4 569	80.9	70.8
United Kingdom	32 803	31 057	74.3	63.7
South Africa	21 280	15 928	62.0	47.6
Brazil	107 368	98 219	78.5	56.3
Canada	19 278	17 946	70.6	61.2
Chile	8 559	8 028	71.5	48.2
Mexico	52 624	50 336	77.9	43.1
USA	157 131	148 833	69.1	56.7
India	501 612	484 106	79.1	26.8
Indonesia	125 457	117 942	83.9	50.9
Israel	3 846	3 644	69.3	59.1
Japan	65 990	63 780	70.3	49.6
China	807 610	770 579	77.9	63.6
Singapore	3 178	3 125	76.4	58.2
Korea, Republic of	26 912	25 936	73.8	51.8
Turkey	29 679	26 621	71.6	31.5
Australia	12 504	11 746	71.1	59.0
New Zealand	2 501	2 357	74.6	63.7

Note: The figures cover the population age 15 years+. The figures for Brazil, India, Indonesia, China and Singapore are from ILOSTAT and are based on estimates.

Source: Eurostat, OECD and ILOSTAT

Table 431 Unemployment. 2015

	Unemployed persons	Unemployment rates	Unemployed men	Unemployed women
	thousand persons	per cent	thousand persons	
OECD	41 484	6.8	22 860	18 624
EU	22 884	9.4	12 245	10 639
Austria	252	5.7	142	110
Belgium	422	8.5	243	178
Bulgaria	305	9.2	174	131
Croatia	309	16.3	159	150
Cyprus	63	15.0	33	30
Czech Republic	268	5.1	125	143
Denmark	181	6.2	92	89
Estonia	42	6.2	22	21
Finland	252	9.4	137	115
France	3 054	10.4	1 654	1 400
Germany	1 950	4.6	1 123	827
Greece	1 197	24.9	579	618
Hungary	308	6.8	162	146
Iceland	8	4.0	4	4
Ireland	204	9.4	129	74
Italy	3 033	11.9	1 669	1 364
Latvia	98	9.9	55	43
Lithuania	134	9.1	74	61
Luxembourg	18	6.7	9	9
Malta	11	5.4	7	4
Netherlands	614	6.9	313	301
Norway	119	4.3	67	52
Poland	1 304	7.5	701	603
Portugal	647	12.6	323	324
Romania	624	6.8	395	229
Russian Federation	4 264	5.6	2 296	1 968
Slovakia	314	11.5	155	159
Slovenia	90	9.0	44	47
Spain	5 056	22.1	2 559	2 497
Sweden	388	7.4	207	181
Switzerland	219	4.6	115	104
United Kingdom	1 747	5.3	959	788
South Africa	5 352	25.1	2 708	2 644
Brazil	9 149	8.5	4 294	4 855
Canada	1 331	6.9	760	571
Chile	532	6.2	291	240
Mexico	2 288	4.3	1 374	913
USA	8 298	5.3	4 492	3 806
India	17 506	3.5	12 785	4 721
Indonesia	7 515	6.0	4 353	3 162
Israel	202	5.3	107	98
Japan	2 210	3.3	1 350	860
China	37 031	4.6	23 902	13 129
Singapore	54	1.7	28	25
Korea, Republic of	976	3.6	572	405
Turkey	3 035	10.3	1 877	1 158
Australia	758	6.1	408	350
New Zealand	144	5.8	69	75

Note: The figures cover the population age 15 years+. The figures for Brazil, India, Indonesia, China and Singapore are from ILOSTAT and are based on estimates.

Source: Eurostat, OECD and ILOSTAT

Table 432 Consumer prices

	Consumer prices, percentage annual growth	
	2015	2016
OECD	0.6	1.1
EU	0.0	0.3
Belgium	0.6	1.8
Bulgaria	-1.1	-1.3
Cyprus	-1.5	-1.2
Denmark	0.2	0.0
Estonia	0.1	0.8
Finland	-0.2	0.4
France	0.1	0.3
Greece	-1.1	0.0
Netherlands	0.0	-0.2
Ireland	0.3	0.8
Iceland	0.1	-0.1
Croatia	-0.3	-0.6
Latvia	0.2	0.1
Lithuania	-0.7	0.7
Italy	0.1	0.0
Luxembourg	1.2	0.9
Malta	0.2	0.1
Norway	2.0	3.9
Poland	-0.7	-0.2
Portugal	0.5	0.6
Romania	-0.4	-1.1
Russian Federation	15.5	7.1
Switzerland	-0.8	-0.5
Slovakia	-0.3	-0.5
Slovenia	-0.8	-0.2
Spain	-0.6	-0.3
United Kingdom	0.0	0.7
Sweden	0.7	1.1
Czech Republic	0.2	0.7
Germany	0.1	0.4
Hungary	0.1	0.4
Austria	0.8	1.0
South Africa	4.5	6.6
Brazil	9.0	8.7
Canada	1.1	1.4
Chile	4.3	3.8
Mexico	2.7	2.8
United States	0.1	1.3
India	5.9	4.9
Indonesia	6.4	3.5
Israel	-0.6	-0.5
Japan	0.8	-0.1
China	1.4	2.0
Singapore	-0.5	-0.5
Korea, Republic of	0.7	1.0
Turkey	7.7	7.8
Australia	1.5	1.3
New Zealand	0.3	0.6

Source: Eurostat and OECD databases

Table 433 Comparison of GDP per capita and price level. 2015*

	GDP per capita converted with exchange rate	GDP per capita converted with purchasing power parity	Price level for the final consumption by households	Price level for food and non-alcoholic beverages
	EU28 = 100			
OECD	...	...	...	...
EU	100	100	100	100
Belgium	127	119	105	108
Bulgaria	22	47	47	70
Cyprus	72	82	88	107
Denmark	166	127	136	145
Estonia	53	75	73	88
Finland	132	109	119	119
France	114	106	105	109
Greece	56	68	85	103
Ireland	191	177	122	120
Iceland	158	123	129	130
Italy	94	96	100	109
Croatia	36	58	65	91
Latvia	43	64	69	89
Lithuania	45	75	61	78
Luxembourg	312	264	121	117
Malta	71	88	80	104
Netherlands	138	128	108	98
Norway	233	160	138	160
Poland	39	69	54	63
Portugal	60	77	82	94
Romania	28	57	51	64
Russian Federation	...	...	...	...
Switzerland	253	162	163	172
Slovakia	50	77	66	89
Slovenia	65	83	80	96
Spain	80	90	91	92
United Kingdom	137	108	133	111
Sweden	158	124	122	124
Czech Republic	55	87	63	79
Germany	129	124	100	103
Hungary	39	68	57	79
Austria	136	128	104	120
South Africa	...	...	...	...
Brazil	...	...	...	...
Canada	...	...	...	...
Chile	...	...	...	...
Mexico	...	...	...	...
United States	175	145	110	...
India	...	...	...	...
Indonesia	...	...	...	...
Israel	...	...	...	...
Japan	102	99	99	...
China	...	...	...	...
Singapore	...	...	...	...
Korea, Republic of	...	...	...	...
Turkey	29	52	61	89
Australia	...	...	...	...
New Zealand	...	...	...	...

Note: The figures are provisional. Final figures are available in December 2018. Figures are calculated at current prices and current purchasing power parities.

Source: Eurostat, database

Table 434 The world's 20 largest economies

	Gross domestic product at current prices 2015 ¹	Growth in GDP at constant prices				
		2011	2012	2013	2014	2015
	billion dollars	per cent				
World	73 599	4.2	3.5	3.3	3.4	3.2
United States	18 037	1.6	2.2	1.7	2.4	2.6
China	11 182	9.5	7.9	7.8	7.3	6.9
Japan	4 124	-0.5	1.7	1.4	0.0	0.5
Germany	3 365	3.7	0.7	0.6	1.6	1.5
United Kingdom	2 858	1.5	1.3	1.9	3.1	2.2
France	2 420	2.1	0.2	0.6	0.6	1.3
India	2 073	6.6	5.6	6.6	7.2	7.6
Italy	1 816	0.6	-2.8	-1.7	-0.3	0.8
Brazil	1 773	3.9	1.9	3.0	0.1	-3.8
Canada	1 551	3.1	1.7	2.2	2.5	1.1
Korea	1 378	3.7	2.3	2.9	3.3	2.6
Russia	1 326	4.0	3.5	1.3	0.7	-3.7
Australia	1 225	2.7	3.6	2.0	2.7	2.4
Spain	1 200	-1.0	-2.6	-1.7	1.4	3.2
Mexico	1 144	4.0	4.0	1.4	2.2	2.5
Indonesia	859	6.2	6.0	5.6	5.0	4.8
Netherlands	751	1.7	-1.1	-0.2	1.4	2.0
Turkey	718	8.8	2.1	4.2	3.0	4.0
Switzerland	664	1.9	1.1	1.8	1.9	0.8
Saudi Arabia	646	10.0	5.4	2.7	3.6	3.5
Denmark	301	1.3	0.2	0.9	1.7	1.6

Note: Measured by gross domestic product this year.

Source: International Monetary Fund. World Economic Outlook Database. October 2016 (www.statbank.dk for Denmark)

¹ Nominated in US dollars using international currency exchange rates. See table regarding Purchasing Power Parities adjusted GDP pr.capita

Table 435 Gross domestic product, imports and end-use. 2015

	Gross domestic product in USD per capita ¹	Percentage of GDP				
		Private consumption expenditure	General government consumption expenditure	Gross capital formation	Imports of goods and services	Exports of goods and services
		per cent				
OECD		61.6	17.6	20.9	26.8	27.0
EU	38 107	56.3	20.5	19.8	39.8	43.9
Belgium	44 148	51.2	23.9	23.2	81.3	82.9
Bulgaria	19 169	60.9	16.3	21.3	65.0	66.5
Cyprus	33 183	69.5	15.7	14.5	60.9	61.2
Denmark	46 679	47.2	25.7	19.2	47.8	55.2
Estonia	28 650	52.4	20.3	24.7	75.1	79.3
Finland	41 109	55.3	24.4	21.1	37.1	36.6
France	41 476	55.1	23.9	22.4	31.4	30.0
Greece	26 391	69.9	20.1	9.8	31.8	31.9
Ireland	65 806	34.1	12.5	21.7	92.2	124.0
Iceland	45 666	49.7	23.6	19.1	46.2	53.7
Italy	35 781	61.0	18.9	17.0	27.0	30.1
Croatia	21 625	58.8	19.7	18.8	47.2	50.0
Latvia	24 652	61.0	18.1	22.0	60.1	59.0
Lithuania	28 413	63.2	17.6	19.9	76.5	75.9
Luxembourg	99 506	30.7	16.7	19.6	20.3	235.6
Malta	36 042	53.0	19.3	24.9	137.7	140.6
Netherlands	49 624	44.6	25.3	19.3	71.7	82.5
Norway	68 591	43.0	23.3	28.2	32.0	37.4
Poland	26 499	58.5	18.0	20.4	46.5	49.6
Portugal	27 885	65.6	18.2	15.5	39.8	40.6
Romania	20 872	61.4	13.5	25.6	41.6	41.1
Russian Federation	25 965	54.0	19.1	18.6	21.2	29.5
Slovakia	29 758	54.9	19.5	23.2	91.1	93.5
Slovenia	30 918	52.1	18.7	20.1	68.8	77.9
Spain	34 861	58.1	19.4	20.1	30.7	33.2
United Kingdom	41 499	65.0	19.4	17.6	29.3	27.2
Sweden	48 199	45.1	26.0	24.2	40.8	45.6
Switzerland	58 647	53.9	11.3	23.0	51.2	62.9
Czech Republic	32 076	46.8	19.5	26.2	76.8	83.0
Germany	46 974	53.9	19.2	19.2	39.2	46.8
Hungary	26 275	49.3	20.0	21.7	81.8	90.7
Austria	46 986	52.7	19.9	23.5	49.1	53.1
South Africa	13 209	60.2	20.7	20.7	31.7	30.7
Brazil	15 646	63.4	20.2	17.7	14.3	13.0
Canada	45 602	57.6	21.0	23.8	34.0	31.6
Chile	23 507	64.5	13.4	22.4	30.3	30.0
Mexico	18 430	68.2	12.3	22.8	37.6	35.4
United States	56 084	68.1	14.4	20.3	15.4	12.6
India	6 187	59.5	10.6	32.4	22.5	19.9
Indonesia	11 148	57.1	97.5	34.6	20.8	21.1
Israel	34 054	54.7	22.3	19.9	27.7	30.7
Japan	38 142	56.6	19.9	23.9	18.0	17.6
China	14 340	38.1	13.6	45.1	17.8	21.1
Singapore	85 382	36.7	10.4	26.3	149.6	176.5
Korea, Republic of	36 612	49.5	15.2	28.5	38.9	45.9
Turkey	20 420	68.7	15.7	18.5	30.8	28.0
Australia	47 644	58.3	18.5	25.8	21.8	18.8
New Zealand	36 136	57.3	18.7	23.3	27.6	27.8

¹ Based on Purchasing Power Parities (PPP).

Source: United Nations Statistics Division, National Accounts (www.statbank.dk for Denmark)

Table 436 Tax incidence, 2014

	Taxes and duties, total		Personal income taxes	Other income taxes	Social contributions	Taxes on wealth, real property, etc.	General turnover taxes	Customs duties, etc.	Other taxes on specific goods and services, etc.
	2000	2014							
	per cent of GDP, current prices								
OECD	34.0	34.2	8.4	3.1	9.1	2.1	7.0	0.2	4.3
EU ¹	37.2	37.4	8.8	2.6	11.4	1.9	7.7	0.1	4.9
Belgium	43.6	45.0	12.9	3.2	14.3	3.2	6.9	0.3	4.3
Bulgaria	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Cyprus	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Denmark	47.0	50.0	27.0	5.5	0.1	2.4	9.6	0.2	5.3
Estonia	32.0	32.4	5.7	1.7	10.9	0.9	8.6	0.2	4.5
Finland	45.9	43.9	13.4	1.9	12.7	1.5	9.2	0.1	5.1
France	43.3	45.8	8.6	2.3	17.1	3.6	7.2	0.1	6.8
Greece	33.5	35.7	5.9	2.6	10.2	2.1	7.5	0.1	7.3
Ireland	30.9	28.7	9.2	2.4	5.0	2.4	6.0	0.1	3.7
Iceland	36.3	38.9	13.6	4.5	3.7	2.9	8.1	0.3	5.8
Italy	40.6	43.7	11.3	2.7	13.0	2.5	6.0	0.1	8.1
Croatia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Latvia	28.5	28.4	5.8	1.5	8.3	1.5	7.6	0.2	3.5
Lithuania	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Luxembourg	37.0	38.3	8.9	4.4	11.0	2.6	7.5	0.0	3.9
Malta	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Netherlands	37.2	37.5	7.0	2.6	14.9	2.5	6.4	0.3	3.8
Norway	41.9	38.7	9.8	6.6	9.9	1.6	7.8	0.1	2.9
Poland	32.9	32.1	4.6	1.7	12.2	1.6	7.1	0.1	4.7
Portugal	31.2	34.3	7.7	2.8	9.0	1.5	8.5	0.1	4.7
Romania	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Russian Federation	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Switzerland	27.4	27.0	8.4	4.0	6.7	2.4	3.5	0.2	1.9
Slovakia	33.2	31.1	3.0	3.5	13.3	1.2	6.6	0.2	3.3
Slovenia	36.4	36.8	5.2	1.4	14.5	1.5	8.5	0.1	5.5
Spain	34.0	34.3	7.7	2.2	11.8	2.3	6.2	0.2	4.0
United Kingdom	32.8	32.1	8.8	2.4	6.0	3.7	6.8	0.2	4.2
Sweden	49.0	42.8	12.2	2.7	9.9	1.2	9.1	0.1	7.4
Czech Republic	32.5	33.1	3.6	3.5	14.5	0.8	7.4	0.2	3.1
Germany	36.2	36.6	9.6	1.7	13.9	1.0	7.0	0.2	3.1
Hungary	38.6	38.2	5.3	1.5	12.5	1.4	11.6	0.1	5.7
Austria	42.2	42.9	10.1	2.5	14.7	1.1	7.7	0.1	6.6
South Africa	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Brazil	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Canada	34.8	31.2	11.3	3.6	4.7	3.9	4.3	0.2	3.1
Chile	18.8	19.8	1.4	5.1	1.4	1.3	8.2	0.2	2.0
Mexico	13.6	15.2	3.0	2.7	3.1	0.7	3.9	0.2	1.6
United States	28.2	25.9	10.2	2.2	6.2	3.5	2.0	0.2	1.6
India	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Indonesia	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Israel	34.8	31.2	5.8	3.9	5.1	3.4	9.7	0.3	3.1
Japan	26.6	32.0	6.1	4.1	12.7	2.9	3.9	0.2	2.1
China	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Singapore	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Korea, Republic of	21.5	24.6	4.0	3.2	6.6	1.6	4.2	0.6	4.4
Turkey	24.1	28.8	4.2	1.8	8.2	0.8	5.9	0.4	7.4
Australia	30.4	27.8	11.4	4.7	●	2.5	3.6	0.7	4.9
New Zealand	32.6	32.5	12.5	5.5	●	2.8	9.7	1.0	1.0

¹ Sections of 22 EU countries, which are also members of the OECD.

Source: OECD: Revenue Statistics of OECD Member Countries 1965-2014. Paris 2015

Table 437 EMU-debt, deficit(-) / surplus(+). 2015

	EMU-debt		EMU-deficit(-) / surplus(+)	
	millions Euro	per cent of GDP	millions Euro	per cent of GDP
Belgium	433 992	105.8	-10 346	-2.5
Cyprus	18 964	107.5	-196	-1.1
Estonia	2 036	10.1	27	0.1
Finland	133 111	63.6	-5 752	-2.8
France	2 097 611	96.2	-76 509	-3.5
Greece	311 673	177.4	-13 237	-7.5
Ireland	201 134	78.6	-4 786	-1.9
Italy	2 172 673	132.3	-42 931	-2.6
Latvia	8 846	36.3	-309	-1.3
Lithuania	15 940	42.7	-76	-0.2
Luxembourg	11 314	22.1	796	1.6
Malta	5 622	64.0	-120	-1.4
Netherlands	440 552	65.1	-12 759	-1.9
Portugal	231 584	129.0	-7 821	-4.4
Slovakia	41 293	52.5	-2 130	-2.7
Slovenia	32 071	83.1	-1 031	-2.7
Spain	1 073 189	99.8	-55 163	-5.1
Germany	2 157 880	71.2	20 923	0.7
Austria	290 762	85.5	-3 543	-1.0
Euro-zone	9 449 336	90.4	-214 962	-2.1
Bulgaria	11 785	26.0	-762	-1.7
Denmark	107 447	40.4	-4 596	-1.7
Croatia	37 914	86.7	-1 448	-3.3
Poland	215 685	51.1	-10 988	-2.6
Romania	59 699	37.9	-1 212	-0.8
United Kingdom	2 269 874	89.1	-111 693	-4.3
Sweden	199 883	43.9	814	0.2
Czech Republic	67 952	40.3	-1 049	-0.6
Hungary	80 392	74.7	-1 722	-1.6
EU	12 494 504	85.0	-347 618	-2.4

Source: Eurostat

Table 438 Exports by commodity group. 2015

SITC – section/ division	Of which									Total value
	All food items	Agricultural raw materials	Fuels	Ores (minerals) and metals	Manu- factured goods	Chemical products	Other manu- factured goods	Machinery and transport equipment	Miscel- laneous goods. n.e.s.	
	0 + 1 + 22 + 4	2 - (22 + 27 + 28)	3	27 + 28 + 68 + 667 + 971	5 thru 8 - (667 + 68)	5	6 + 8 - (667 + 68)	7	9	
per cent										USD mio.
OECD	8.1	1.3	10.5	5.2	72.0	12.2	24.2	35.6	2.9	9 921 539
EU	9.7	1.4	10.1	4.4	71.2	14.1	24.4	32.6	3.2	5 218 500
Austria	7.7	2.1	5.7	5.4	74.2	13.4	26.5	34.3	4.9	148 329
Belgium	9.8	1.2	10.6	9.6	66.6	25.0	19.9	21.7	2.1	363 973
Bulgaria	10.5	1.2	8.6	11.2	66.0	13.8	23.9	28.4	2.5	28 056
Croatia	12.3	1.1	16.5	2.6	65.5	12.7	29.1	23.7	2.0	20 876
Cyprus	15.3	0.6	15.0	1.2	63.1	12.8	22.5	27.8	4.9	8 489
Czech Republic	6.4	1.2	4.7	3.4	81.1	11.8	24.9	44.4	3.2	129 212
Denmark	13.6	2.4	6.9	1.5	70.9	11.7	27.3	31.9	4.8	87 240
Estonia	11.3	2.9	13.0	2.2	66.5	10.3	22.8	33.4	4.0	16 791
Finland	8.5	2.2	13.1	5.3	67.5	12.4	22.7	32.3	3.5	61 848
France	9.5	1.2	8.9	3.1	73.4	13.1	26.3	34.0	3.8	579 256
Germany	8.7	1.4	7.1	4.0	75.9	13.4	25.5	36.9	3.0	1 027 817
Greece	14.1	1.0	18.7	3.1	59.3	16.3	21.5	21.6	3.8	46 812
Hungary	5.7	1.1	5.0	2.4	82.9	12.0	21.8	49.2	2.8	89 198
Iceland	9.7	0.8	7.5	11.0	67.2	7.2	16.0	43.9	3.9	5 329
Ireland	13.5	0.8	7.0	1.6	73.5	21.8	23.1	28.7	3.6	70 854
Italy	10.6	2.2	13.6	4.9	66.3	15.2	24.8	26.3	2.3	414 647
Latvia	12.7	2.0	33.1	1.2	48.1	9.4	17.9	20.8	2.8	22 310
Lithuania	15.7	2.5	9.9	2.2	66.2	16.4	22.8	27.0	3.5	23 929
Luxembourg	9.9	1.5	8.6	6.2	66.8	9.3	21.9	35.5	7.0	23 258
Malta	4.3	0.2	29.5	0.5	59.1	4.7	9.3	45.0	6.4	17 017
Netherlands	11.0	1.5	19.1	4.1	60.5	12.8	20.0	27.6	3.8	526 501
Norway	8.1	1.2	4.2	4.8	78.9	8.5	26.9	43.5	2.8	76 191
Poland	9.0	1.6	6.4	3.3	76.0	13.4	27.8	34.8	3.7	202 875
Portugal	15.1	1.7	11.1	2.9	67.6	14.5	26.0	27.2	1.7	66 749
Romania	9.1	1.5	6.3	2.6	77.8	12.8	28.0	37.0	2.7	68 622
Russian Federation	12.8	1.0	1.3	2.0	80.3	13.9	28.7	37.6	2.6	184 083
Slovakia	7.0	1.1	7.5	2.9	78.6	9.1	27.8	41.8	2.8	67 466
Slovenia	8.8	2.6	8.3	5.4	72.4	12.9	26.5	33.0	2.5	29 608
Spain	11.3	1.1	11.9	3.5	70.4	14.8	24.9	30.7	1.8	304 452
Sweden	8.9	1.2	8.1	2.8	75.8	11.2	25.8	38.8	3.3	132 423
Switzerland	4.0	0.6	4.8	30.6	58.2	14.1	25.9	18.2	1.9	263 903
United Kingdom	9.4	1.1	8.3	5.9	71.6	12.4	25.0	34.2	3.6	639 891
South Africa	6.8	0.9	13.8	5.0	71.7	11.5	21.5	38.6	1.8	87 504
Brazil	5.0	1.0	13.6	2.8	73.2	20.6	17.5	35.2	4.4	168 657
Canada	8.5	1.0	7.4	4.5	74.3	10.6	23.3	40.4	4.4	417 132
Chile	9.2	0.8	12.0	1.2	70.5	11.3	25.8	33.3	6.4	59 913
Mexico	6.2	1.1	6.1	3.1	80.4	10.8	21.9	47.7	3.2	367 276
United States	5.8	0.9	8.5	3.4	79.4	9.4	26.1	44.0	1.9	2 163 067
India	5.5	1.8	25.0	21.6	44.8	11.7	12.2	20.9	1.2	374 388
Indonesien	8.9	2.5	14.1	3.0	69.2	14.0	21.7	33.4	2.3	150 217
Israel	8.1	0.9	1.3	22.5	64.4	10.8	22.6	31.0	2.8	65 345
Japan	9.2	1.6	22.0	6.1	57.8	9.1	21.3	27.5	3.2	605 524
China	6.5	3.6	12.4	13.5	61.7	10.6	12.0	39.0	2.3	1 459 669
Singapore	4.1	0.4	21.4	6.0	63.9	7.3	15.3	41.3	4.2	298 541
Korea. Rep. of	5.7	1.4	22.2	6.5	61.6	9.5	18.4	33.7	2.6	429 540
Turkey	6.1	2.3	9.4	8.5	69.0	14.7	21.6	32.8	4.8	187 246
Australia	6.8	0.7	10.7	3.3	76.5	10.3	26.6	39.6	2.0	196 107
New Zealand	10.6	0.7	10.9	1.7	70.3	10.7	23.7	35.9	5.8	33 455

Note: The classification is based on SITC rev. 4.

Source: UN. *UNCTAD Handbook of Statistics 2016*

Table 439 Balance of payments current account for selected countries. 2015

	Exports fob (a)	Imports fob (b)	Goods, net (a - b)	Services, net	Primary income, net	Secondary income, net	Current account, total, net	Current account as a percentage of GDP	Net foreign assets at end of year
	USD mill.						per cent	USD mill.	
OECD	9 390 806	9 717 030	-326 159	490 354	268 664	-355 420	77 427	...	...
EU	2 015 847	1 859 253	156 595	150 302	-36 500	-84 973	185 425	...	...
Belgium	254 776	251 931	2 845	7 454	-956	-7 408	1 936	0.1	279 287
Bulgaria	24 306	27 206	-2 900	3 431	-2 140	1 805	196	1.2	-37 591
Cyprus	2 753	6 267	-3 514	3 573	-70	-566	-576	-5.1	-35 119
Denmark	102 618	87 545	15 072	7 246	10 082	-4 819	27 582	6.3	149 322
Estonia	12 036	12 990	-954	1 885	-464	26	493	1.0	-10 344
Finland	60 602	58 543	2 059	-1 780	1 326	-2 583	-979	-0.9	-1 841
France	510 809	537 490	-26 681	9 737	57 775	-45 692	-4 861	-1.0	-507 952
Greece	27 489	46 608	-19 119	18 777	1 138	-579	218	-2.1	-269 922
Ireland	216 863	94 257	122 606	-32 537	-57 620	-3 482	28 967	3.6	-240 423
Iceland	4 655	4 926	-271	1 531	-137	-269	854	3.3	-61 426
Italy	449 289	391 431	57 859	-1 804	-10 193	-16 514	29 348	1.9	-547 278
Croatia	11 908	19 282	-7 375	8 764	-301	1 403	2 492	0.7	-46 380
Latvia	11 445	13 712	-2 267	1 957	-63	160	-210	-2.0	-17 786
Lithuania	24 730	26 937	-2 206	1 933	-1 724	1 021	-977	3.5	-20 456
Luxembourg	17 596	20 486	-2 890	22 546	-17 669	975	2 962	5.7	21 591
Malta	3 003	5 057	-2 054	2 866	-542	269	539	2.8	3 478
Netherlands	474 093	389 562	84 531	-3 650	-2 567	-13 186	65 129	10.6	483 968
Norway	103 351	75 407	27 945	-6 858	19 573	-6 914	33 746	9.4	720 591
Poland	191 023	188 559	2 464	12 113	-16 559	-950	-2 932	-2.0	-333 414
Portugal	54 530	64 615	-10 086	13 746	-4 478	1 659	842	0.5	-238 085
Romania	54 518	63 123	-8 605	7 533	-4 117	3 094	-2 096	-0.5	-103 917
Russian Federation	341 467	192 954	148 513	-36 875	-37 014	-5 624	69 000	3.1	310 070
Switzerland	303 078	249 498	53 580	18 656	18 399	-13 258	77 378	7.2	776 804
Slovakia	73 282	70 927	2 355	108	-1 033	-1 238	193	0.9	-63 366
Slovenia	26 659	24 998	1 661	2 238	-1 087	-597	2 216	7.0	-19 742
Spain	277 437	301 540	-24 102	53 192	-807	-12 074	16 208	0.9	-1 208 854
United Kingdom	439 347	622 226	-182 879	137 185	-39 216	-37 661	-122 571	-5.2	-708 876
Sweden	152 054	138 534	13 520	10 999	6 972	-8 241	23 250	6.2	-33 048
Czech Republic	131 049	122 484	8 565	3 051	-9 901	-32	1 683	0.7	-66 578
Germany	1 305 673	1 017 785	287 888	-34 628	70 680	-43 971	279 969	7.4	1 491 339
Hungary	88 284	83 429	4 855	5 989	-5 562	-1 336	3 946	2.2	-90 872
Austria	142 118	140 442	1 675	11 164	-2 054	-3 766	7 020	1.9	8 756
South Africa	81 848	84 567	-2 719	-477	-7 801	-2 646	-13 644	-5.5	-26 522
Brazil	190 092	172 422	17 670	-36 919	-42 357	2 724	-58 882	-4.4	-788 799
Canada	410 743	428 786	-18 043	-19 278	-12 927	-2 835	-53 083	-2.1	118 267
Chile	62 232	58 738	3 494	-3 812	-6 194	1 750	-4 761	-1.2	-35 651
Mexico	381 049	395 573	-14 524	-9 170	-33 823	24 301	-33 216	-1.9	-425 309
United States	1 510 303	2 272 868	-762 565	262 211	182 383	-144 990	-462 961	-2.2	-7 019 698
India	272 353	409 237	-136 884	73 635	-23 360	64 153	-22 457	-1.3	-358 782
Indonesia	148 365	135 076	13 289	-8 301	-28 083	5 508	-17 586	-3.1	-421 326
Israel	56 290	59 682	-3 392	12 411	-4 407	9 030	13 642	4.2	65 223
Japan	621 964	627 176	-5 212	-13 858	170 667	-15 989	135 608	...	3 040 972
China	2 142 754	1 575 756	566 998	-182 356	-45 363	-8 677	330 602	2.1	1 776 392
Singapore	377 050	294 526	82 524	-3 858	-13 801	-6 943	57 922	19.1	537 379
Korea, Republic of	542 881	420 612	122 269	-14 917	3 572	-4 985	105 940	6.3	81 865
Turkey	151 970	200 084	-48 114	24 152	-9 638	1 322	-32 278	-5.8	-440 774
Australia	188 326	207 192	-18 867	-8 598	-29 437	-1 378	-58 280	-3.1	-727 843
New Zealand	34 428	35 786	-1 358	2 721	-6 609	-255	-5 501	-3.2	-120 504

Source: IMF: *Balance of Payments Statistics*,
International Financial Statistics (Stats.oecd.org, Epp.eurostat.eu),
Worldbank.org

Table 440 Output of selected world commodities, five largest producer countries

	2013	2014		2013	2014
	tusinde tons			tusinde tons	
Wheat, total	710 958	729 012	Maize, total	1 014 275	1 037 792
China, mainland	121 926	126 208	United States of America	351 272	361 091
India	93 510	95 850	China, mainland	218 489	215 646
Russian Federation	52 091	59 711	Brazil	80 273	79 882
United States of America	58 105	55 147	Argentina	32 119	33 087
France	38 651	38 950	Ukraine	30 950	28 497
Rye, total	16 661	15 243	Rice, total	739 120	741 478
Germany	4 689	3 854	China, mainland	203 612	206 507
Russian Federation	3 360	3 281	India	159 200	157 200
Poland	3 359	2 793	Indonesia	71 280	70 846
Belarus	648	867	Bangladesh	51 534	52 326
Denmark	527	678	Viet Nam	44 040	44 974
Barley, total	143 477	144 490	Sugar cane, total	1 903 026	1 884 246
Russian Federation	15 389	20 444	Brazil	768 090	736 108
France	10 315	11 729	India	341 200	352 142
Germany	10 344	11 563	China, mainland	128 201	125 611
Australia	7 472	9 174	Thailand	100 096	103 697
Ukraine	7 562	9 046	Pakistan	67 460	62 826
Oats, total	23 800	22 722	Sugar beet, total	247 966	269 714
Russian Federation	4 932	5 274	France	33 631	37 845
Canada	3 906	2 907	Russian Federation	39 321	33 513
Poland	1 190	1 459	Germany	22 829	29 748
Australia	1 121	1 255	United States of America	29 746	28 381
Finland	1 197	1 039	Turkey	16 489	16 743
Pig meat, total	113 289	115 314	Tea, total	5 349	5 561
China, mainland	52 733	54 446	China, mainland	1 924	2 096
United States of America	10 525	10 368	India	1 209	1 207
Germany	5 507	5 528	Kenya	432	445
Spain	3 431	3 556	Sri Lanka	340	338
Viet Nam	3 229	3 331	Viet Nam	218	228
Sheep meat, total	8 687	8 960	Coffee, total	8 891	8 790
China, mainland	2 081	2 184	Brazil	2 965	2 804
Australia	660	721	Viet Nam	1 327	1 406
New Zealand	481	487	Colombia	653	728
Turkey	294	313	Indonesia	676	644
United Kingdom	289	298	Ethiopia	392	420
Cattle meat, total	64 286	64 681	Potatoes, total	370 595	376 453
United States of America	11 719	11 453	China, mainland	95 942	95 515
Brazil	9 675	9 723	India	45 344	46 395
China, mainland	6 396	6 552	Russian Federation	30 199	31 501
Argentina	2 822	2 674	Ukraine	22 259	23 693
Australia	2 318	2 586	United States of America	19 715	20 057
Chicken meat, total	97 620	100 353	Wine, total	29 274	29 106
United States of America	17 397	17 722	Italy	4 504	4 797
Brazil	11 964	12 519	Spain	4 608	4 608
China, mainland	12 785	12 257	France	4 293	4 293
Russian Federation	3 457	3 770	United States of America	3 217	3 300
Mexico	2 808	2 880	China, mainland	1 700	1 700

Source: FAO, FAOSTAT-Agriculture

Table 441 Merchant fleet of the 20 Major Shipping Nations. 2016

Flag State	Ships	Tonnage
	number of ships	thousand GT
Whole world	89 952	1 243 894
Panama	8 038	224 535
Liberia	3 314	135 917
Marshall Islands	3 188	131 942
Hongkong	2 461	106 044
Singapore	3 447	83 034
Malta	2 157	67 410
Bahamas	1 414	61 108
China	3 162	42 722
Greece	1 193	41 278
Japan	4 464	23 353
Cypres	990	21 268
Norway	1 485	17 436
Italy	1 345	16 071
Denmark	687	15 561
Isle of Man	375	15 353
UK	1 083	14 932
Indonesia	7 631	14 911
Bermuda	159	11 478
Portugal	473	11 019
South Korea	1 848	10 828

Note: Only merchant ships over 100 GT are included.

Source: The Danish Shipowners Association

Table 442 Area and population in selected countries

	Population			Total area km ²
	Number thousands	Lastest population census	Population per km ²	
OECD	1 186 542	2008	34	35 196 426
EU	501 103	2010 ¹	116	4 325 897
Belgium	11 209	2015	367	30 528
Bulgaria	7 365	2011	66	111 002
Cyprus	857	2011	90	9 251
Denmark	5 603	2013	130	43 098
Estonia	1 294	2011	28	45 227
Finland	5 472	2014	18	303 892
France	63 920	2014	118	543 965
Greece	10 815	2011	82	131 958
Ireland	4 588	2011	67	70 273
Iceland	322	2013	3	102 819
Italy	59 434	2011	201	302 071
Croatia	4 285	2011	76	56 542
Latvia	2 070	2011	32	64 559
Lithuania	3 043	2011	48	65 300
Luxembourg	512	2011	208	2 586
Malta	417	2011	1 321	316
Netherlands	16 829	2014	500	41 540
Norway	5 109	2014	17	323 787
Poland	38 512	2011	123	312 685
Portugal	10 562	2011	115	92 207
Romania	20 122	2011	84	238 391
Russian Federation	142 857	2010	8	17 075 400
Switzerland	8 140	2013	198	41 285
Slovakia	5 397	2011	110	49 034
Slovenia	2 050	2011	101	20 273
Spain	46 816	2011	93	505 693
United Kingdom	61 371	2011	261	230 020
Sweden	9 747	2014	24	447 420
Czech Republic	10 437	2011	135	78 867
Germany	80 768	2013	226	357 340
Hungary	9 877	2014	108	93 030
Austria	8 402	2011	102	83 879
South Africa	51 771	2011	41	1 220 813
Brazil	190 756	2010	22	8 514 877
Canada	33 477	2011	4	9 984 670
Chile	17 445	2012	23	756 096
Mexico	115 640	2012	57	1 964 375
United States	308 746	2010	34	9 833 517
India	1 210 193	2011	382	3 287 263
Indonesia	237 641	2010	124	1 910 931
Israel	7 840	2011	362	22 072
Japan	128 057	2010	351	377 950
China	1 339 725	2010	140	9 572 900
Singapore	5 470	2014	7 540	719
Korea, Republic of	48 580	2010	488	99 461
Turkey	75 627	2012	98	783 562
Australia	21 508	2011	3	7 692 024
New Zealand	4 353	2013	16	270 534

¹ Beginning of the year. ² Excluding Svalbard and Jan Mayen. ³ Excluding Northern Ireland.

Source: The Statesman's Yearbook 2017

Table 443 Consumption of electricity in selected countries, 2014

	Million kilowatt-hours	Kilowatt-hours per capita
OECD	...	...
EU	...	...
Austria	74 696	8 770
Belgium	90 291	8 443
Bulgaria	38 030	5 281
Croatia	17 507	4 114
Cyprus	4 350	3 771
Czechia	69 724	6 614
Denmark	35 038	6 205
Estonia	9 692	7 364
Finland	86 060	15 705
France ¹	495 586	7 724
Germany	593 910	7 364
Greece	59 293	5 390
Hungary	42 761	4 324
Iceland	18 122	55 365
Ireland	28 463	6 088
Italy ²	323 543	5 409
Latvia	7 458	3 749
Lithuania	12 020	4 121
Luxembourg	7 861	14 124
Malta	2 245	5 374
Netherlands	119 615	7 157
Norway	126 742	24 620
Poland	161 225	4 175
Portugal	53 705	5 163
Romania	58 550	2 979
Russian Federation	1 056 159	7 364
Slovakia	28 503	5 256
Slovenia	14 694	7 112
Spain	275 344	5 952
Sweden	138 039	14 226
Switzerland	66 276	8 035
United Kingdom	359 446	5 587
South Africa	249 919	4 631
Brazil	624 316	3 030
Canada	610 612	17 158
Chile	73 719	4 150
Mexico	300 967	2 400
USA	4 392 423	13 750
China	5 683 175	4 117
India	1 313 871	1 014
Indonesia	229 784	903
Israel	55 969	7 049
Japan	1 040 676	8 208
Korea, Republic of	550 933	11 002
Singapore	49 310	8 955
Turkey	257 220	3 318
Australien	248 299	10 511
New Zealand	43 553	9 688

Anm. Consumption is calculated as production plus Imports minus Exports.

Source: United Nations, *Energy Statistics Yearbook*

¹ Includes Monaco. ² Includes San Marino.